

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name - Ready Road Repair® Pothole Patch Zero VOC

Chemical Category - Mixture **Product Code(s)** - 6431-9-50

Product Description - Permanent, all-weather pothole patch for asphalt, concrete, brick, and wood.

Product Use - Blend of stones and asphalt designed to fill larger holes (4" or more) and

depressions to make a permanent repair.

Synonyms - Pothole Patch
Manufacturer - Gardner-Gibson

4161 E. 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States

Telephone

Technical - 813-248-2101 - Customer Service: 8 AM - 5 PM M-F Eastern Standard Time

Emergency - 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Emergency - 703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (Outside US)

Preparation Date - 03/31/2015

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Signal Word: WARNING Hazards and Precautions

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes eye irritation. Causes mild skin irritation. Vapors may cause headache, nausea, and respiratory tract irritation. Contains Petroleum Based Products. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor or spray mist. Keep product closed and properly stored when not in use. Avoid contact with skin. Use protective gloves, safety glasses, and protective clothing when using this product. Do not use in drinking water or food systems. Do not reuse empty container. Make sure container is sealed and secured in an upright position during transportation. Do not eat or drink while using this product and wash hand thoroughly after use.

Prevention Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood.

Response IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.



Physical Form - Granular solid

 Color
 - Black

 Odor
 - N/A

 Flash Point
 - >400°F

HCS2012 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure - Category 2, Skin

Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A (Asphalt fumes – High Temperatures / Quartz)

WHMIS - Class D - Poisonous and Infectious Materials - Division 2 - Subdivision A



GHS Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure - Category 2, Skin

Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2,

Carcinogenicity - Category 1A Inhalation, Skin, Eye

Route Of Entry

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

May cause irritation. Acute (Immediate) Chronic (Delayed) No data available

Skin

Acute (Immediate) May cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed) Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.

Acute (Immediate) May cause burning and redness or swelling of the eyes. May cause irritation. Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Chronic (Delayed)

Ingestion

May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Acute (Immediate)

No data available

Chronic (Delayed) **Carcinogenic Effects**

See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Carcinogenic Effects						
	CAS IARC NTP					
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Under Consideration			
Quartz	14808-60-7	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Known Human Carcinogen			

See Section 12 for Ecological Information.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

	Hazardous Components							
Chemical Name	CAS	%(wt)	UN;EINECS	LD50/LC50	EU R & S Phrases	Other		
Aggregate	1317-65-3	90% TO 95%			NDA	NDA		
Asphalt Cement (as fumes)	8052-42-4	<5%	NA1999, 232- 490-9	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 · >5000 mg/kg Inhalation- Rat LC50 · >94.4 mg/m³	NDA	NDA		
Quartz	14808-60-7	<1%	238-878-4		NDA	NDA		

This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention.

Skin

Wash the contaminated area of body with soap and fresh water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. If Ingestion

eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting.

See Section 2 for Potential Health Effects.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam and water fog. Water may cause frothing.

Firefighting Procedures

Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Stay upwind.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Some of these materials may burn, but none ignite readily. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors.

Hazardous Combustion

Oxides of carbon, hydrogen sulfide and sulfur oxides.

Products

Protection of Firefighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Flash Point >400°F

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate enclosed areas.

Emergency Procedures

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Persons not wearing the appropriate PPE should be removed from the area until the spill is cleaned up.

Environmental Precautions Containment/Clean-up

Do NOT wash away into sewer

Measures

Contain spilled material and do not allow to flow into public sewers or water systems. Shut off all ignition sources.

Special Procedures

Unused material can be recycled. Landfill wastes at approved sites. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling **Storage**

- Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Keep only in the original container/package in a cool well-ventilated place. Keep away from fire. Keep container closed when not in use.

Special Packaging Materials Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources

No data available

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Personal Protective Equipment

Pictograms



Respiratory

When used with adequate ventilation, a respirator is not normally required. If required, use a NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or supplied air respirator. This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

Eve/Face **Hands**

Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Use impervious gloves.

Skin/Body
General Industrial Hygiene
Considerations
Engineering
Measures/Controls

- Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash hands before eating.
- Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values.

	Exposure Limits/Guidelines					
	Result	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA	United States - California	
Quartz (14808-60- 7)	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)	Not established	0.3 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust)	
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as benzene soluble aerosol, fume, inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min, fumes)	Not established	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)	

Exposure Control Notations

ACGIH

TWA

- Asphalt (8052-42-4):Carcinogens:A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free)
- Quartz (14808-60-7):Carcinogens:A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen

Key to abbreviations

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Form - Granular solid

Appearance/Description - Black

Color: Black		Odor: N/A	Odor: N/A		
Taste: NDA		Odor Threshold: N/A	Odor Threshold: N/A		
Specific Gravity:	2.6 – 2.8	Evaporation Rate:	N/A		
Vapor Density:	N/A	VOC (Wt.):	NDA		
Bulk Density:	NDA	VOC (Vol.):	<10 g/l		
Solubility in Water:	Insoluble	Flash Point:	>400°F		

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous Polymerization Conditions to Avoid

- Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

Incompatible Materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Incompatible Materials
Hazardous Decomposition

Strong oxidizers and acids.

Products

- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data

Component Name	Concentration	CAS	Data
Asphalt (as fumes)	<5%	8052-42-4	Acute Toxicity: ; orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3; ihl-hmn TDLo:10 mg/m3/5.5Y-I
			Tumorigen/Carcinogen: ; skn-mus TDLo:905 gm/kg/2Y-I

Other Component Information

IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist. Airborne exposure is not expected with this product. The materials are encapsulated and would only be release if the dry material was sanded. Exposure could increase if the product is sprayed.

Other Information

This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation in recent studies. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Fate-No data available.Persistence/Degradability-No data available.Bioaccumulation Potential-No data available.Mobility in Soil-No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT - United States - Department of Transportation

Shipping Name: Not Restricted

TDG - Canada - Transport of Dangerous Goods

Shipping Name: Not Restricted

IMO/IMDG –International Maritime Transport

Shipping Name: Not Restricted

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications Risk & Safety Phrases Acute, Chronic

 California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right To Know					
Component CAS MA MN NJ					
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	

State Right To Know						
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ		
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes		

Inventory						
Component CAS EU EINECS TSCA						
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes			
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes			

Canada

Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

Asphalt 8052-42-4 <5% Not listed.

Quartz
 14808-60-7
 21%
 D2A (In certain cases, this classification does not apply. For more information, consult the section Substance Specific Issues - Silica,

crystalline, encapsulated on Health Canada's WHMIS website.)

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

Asphalt and Asphalt fumes may contain detectable amounts of

chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or

reproductive harm.

Quartz
 14808-60-7
 14808-60-7
 carcinogen, initial date 10/1/88 (airborne particles of respirable

size)

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date

Prepared By

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- 3/31/2015
- Gardner-Gibson
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