Assembly

1 Location of the air compressor

- Locate the air compressor in a clean, dry, and well ventilated area.
- Located the air compressor at least 18 in. (0.5 m) away from the wall or other obstructions that will interfere with the flow of air.
- Locate the air compressor as close to the main power supply as possible to avoid using long lengths of electrical wiring. NOTE: Long lengths of electrical wiring could cause power loss to the motor.
- The air filter must be kept clear of obstructions which could reduce air flow to the air compressor.

Assembly (continued)

2 Anchoring of the air compressor (Figure 3)

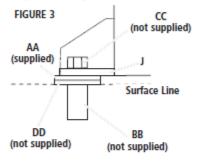


WARNING: Risk of bursting. Excessive vibration can weaken the air tank and cause an explosion. The compressor must be properly mounted.

The air compressor MUST be bolted to a level, solid concrete surface. Use 3/8" lag screws, washers (supplied) and concrete anchors. If help is needed anchoring the air compressor consult a licensed contractor.

- Place the air compressor on a level, solid concrete surface. Make sure the concrete is in good condition with no cracks or damage.
- Mark the surface using the holes in the air compressor feet (J) as a template.
- Drill holes in the surface for the concrete anchors. Install concrete anchors (BB).

- Line-up holes in surface with holes in air compressor feet (J).
- Place the washers (AA, supplied) between the floor and air compressor feet, see figure. If needed use shims (DD) to level the unit.
- Place the 3/8" lag screws (CC) through the air compressor feet (J), washers (AA) and into the anchors (BB).
- Torque 3/8" lag screws to 7-10 ft.-lbs (9.5-13.5 Nm).



3 Breaking in the pump



NOTICE: Risk of property damage. Serious damage may result if the following breakin instructions are not closely followed.

This procedure is required **before** the air compressor is put into service and when the check valve or a complete compressor pump has been replaced.

- Make sure the Auto/Off switch (A) is in the "Off" position.
- Check oil level in pump. See Oil paragraph in the Maintenance section for instructions.
- Recheck all wiring. Make sure wires are secure at all terminals connections. Make sure all contacts move freely and are not obstructed.
- Open the drain valve (F) fully to permit air to escape and prevent air pressure build up in the air tank during the break-in period.

- Move the Auto/Off switch (A) to "Auto" position. The compressor will start.
- Run the air compressor for 20 minutes. Make sure the drain valve and all air lines are open so there is only a minimal air pressure build-up in tank.
- Check all air line fittings and connections/ piping for air leaks by applying a soap solution. Correct if necessary.



NOTICE: Minor leaks can cause the air compressor to overwork, resulting in premature breakdown or inadequate performance.

- Check for excessive vibration. Readjust or shim air compressor feet, if necessary.
- After 20 minutes, close the drain valve. The air receiver will fill to "cut-out" pressure and the motor will stop.

The air compressor is now ready for use.