





Dust your painted furniture regularly with a soft, dry cloth or a feather duster. This prevents the accumulation of dust and dirt that can dull the finish.



Address spills and stains promptly by blotting them with a clean, damp cloth. Avoid rubbing, as this can spread the stain and damage the paint.



For routine cleaning, use a damp cloth or sponge with mild, soapy water. Avoid abrasive scrubbers or harsh chemicals that can damage the paint. Wipe the furniture in the direction of the grain or brush strokes of the paint, if visible.



AVOID EXCESSIVE MOISTURE

Protect your painted furniture from excessive moisture, which can cause the paint to bubble or peel. Use coasters, placemats, and tablecloths to shield it from moisture during use.



Position your painted furniture away from direct sunlight or use window coverings to protect it. Prolonged sun exposure can cause the paint to fade or crack.



Be cautious when moving objects on painted surfaces. Lift items instead of dragging them to prevent scratches. Place felt pads under the legs of chairs, tables, and other furniture to avoid scratching the floor when moving the furniture.

By following these care and maintenance tips, you can ensure that your painted furniture continues to enhance your living space with its unique style and character for years to come. Proper care will help preserve the paint finish and extend the life of your furniture.







Dust your wood furniture regularly with a soft, dry cloth or a microfiber duster. This prevents the buildup of dust and particles that can scratch the wood's surface.



Position your wood furniture away from direct sunlight or use window coverings to protect it. Sunlight can cause fading and drying out of the wood over time.



Place coasters or placemats under hot and cold beverages, dishes, and flower vases to prevent heat rings and water stains on wooden surfaces.



Use a mild, non-abrasive wood cleaner or a mixture of mild dish soap and water for regular cleaning. Dampen a soft cloth with the solution, wipe the surface, and dry it thoroughly.



Accidents happen. When spills occur, wipe them up immediately with a clean, slightly damp cloth to prevent staining and warping

REPAIR SCRATCHES

Use a wood touch-up pen or wax stick that matches the furniture's finish for minor scratches. For deeper scratches or dents, consult a professional furniture repair expert.



Please refrain from using abrasive cleaners, ammonia-based products, or harsh chemicals on your wood furniture, as they can strip the finish or damage the wood.



If you need to store wooden furniture for an extended period, do so in a climate-controlled environment to prevent warping or cracking.



Lift and move furniture items rather than dragging them, as this can cause scratches and damage to the furniture and the floor.

By following these care and maintenance guidelines, you can ensure that your wood furniture continues to enhance your living space with its timeless charm and elegance.