



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier BEHR® ULTRA Stain-Blocking Flat Ceiling Paint & Primer - Ultra Pure White

Other means of identification

Product code 5558

Recommended use Architectural Coating

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Supplier Behr Process Corp.
1801 E. St. Andrew Place
Santa Ana, CA 92705

Telephone 714-545-7101

Emergency telephone +1 760 476 3962
+1 866 519 4752

Access code 335213

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.

Signal word None.

Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response Wash hands after handling.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 30
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	1 - 5
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	0.5 - 1.5
Cristobalite	14464-46-1	0.1 - 1
Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE)	68855-54-9	0.1 - 1

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<p>This product is miscible in water.</p> <p>Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</p> <p>Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.</p> <p>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.</p>
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Components	Type	Value
Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	PEL	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable.
		1.2 mppcf	Respirable.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	Ceiling	15 mg/m3	Dust.
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection**Other**

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Color White.

Odor Slight.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 7 - 10

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range > 99 °F (> 37.2 °C)

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density 1.43

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 50 - 140 KU at 25°C

Other information

Density 11.91 lbs/gal

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

VOC 14 g/l (including water) (Material)
29 g/l (excluding water) (Coating)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Due to the form of the product, exposure to the potentially carcinogenic components is not expected.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) Cancer
Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9) Cancer

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil This product is water soluble and may disperse in soil.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2) Listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	Not regulated.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)	Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) Cancer Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9) Cancer Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) lung effects Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9) lung effects Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) immune system effects Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9) immune system effects Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) kidney effects Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9) kidney effects	
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	All components are listed on or exempt from the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)		
Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	0.5 - 1.5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (CAS 55406-53-6)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Flux Calcined Diatomaceous Earth (DE) (CAS 68855-54-9)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-February-2020

Revision date 09-September-2020

Version # 02

HMIS® ratings Health: 0
Flammability: 0
Physical hazard: 0

List of abbreviations Ceiling: Short Term Exposure Limit Ceiling value.
DOT: Department of Transportation (49 CFR 172.101).
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.
LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit.
STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit.
TWA: Time Weighted Average Value.

References HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

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