

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier SingleShot Texture – Aerosol

Other means of identification

Product code 3013, 3030

Recommended use Architectural Coating/Related product

Recommended restrictions Uses other than the recommended use.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Supplier Behr Process LLC
1801 E. St. Andrew Place
Santa Ana, CA 92705

Telephone 714-545-7101

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Access code 335213

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 2
Gases under pressure Compressed gas

Health hazards Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 1A

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause cancer by inhalation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Limestone	1317-65-3	30 - 50
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	5 - 15
Quartz (SiO ₂)	14808-60-7	< 1

Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
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4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	No specific first aid measures noted.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
General fire hazards	Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will sediment in water systems. Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb spillage with suitable absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Components	Type	Value
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Mineral Dusts (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values, as amended

Components	Type	Value
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	IDLH	50 mg/m ³

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		10 mg/m ³	Total
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

US. OARS. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guide

Components	Type	Value
Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)	TWA	1880 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).	
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.	
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.	
Skin protection		
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.	
Respiratory protection	If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	White.
Odor	Ether-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	8.8
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable, as aerosol.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-18.4 °F (-28 °C)
Flash point	-46.3 °F (-43.5 °C) Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	100 kPa
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	1.34
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not miscible or difficult to mix.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable, product is a mixture.
Auto-ignition temperature	662 °F (350 °C)

Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Dynamic viscosity	800 cPs
Explosive properties	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapor mixtures is possible.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	< 0.8 MIR

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Fluorine. Oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not known.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	164000 ppm, 4 Hours
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)		
<u>Chronic</u>		
Inhalation		
LOEC	Human	0.0563 mg/m3
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer by inhalation.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer	

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary hazard	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary hazard	-
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary hazard	-
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.
General information	Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)	Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	
Not regulated.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)	
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer lung effects immune system effects kidney effects
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	All components are listed on or exempt from the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	
Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes
Classified hazard categories	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gas under pressure Carcinogenicity
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)	
Not regulated.	
Other federal regulations	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List	
Not regulated.	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)	
Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Dimethyl ether (CAS 115-10-6)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-July-2024

Revision date 17-July-2024

Version # 02

HMIS® ratings Health: 0*
Flammability: 4
Physical hazard: 3

List of abbreviations ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.
CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.
DOT: Department of Transportation.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
IDLH: Immediately Dangerous To Life or Health.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
mg/m³: Milligrams per Cubic Metre.
mppcf: million particles per cubic foot.
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit.
Ppm: Parts Per Million.
SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
STEL: Short term exposure limit.
TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act.
TWA: Time Weighted Average.

References ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

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