

ssue date: 09/24/2021 Revision date: 05/23/2022 Version: 1.3

### **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Identification

Mixture Product form

Product name : Troy-Bilt 4-Cycle SAE 5W-30 Premium Engine Oil

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

### 1.3. Supplier

### Supplier

MTD, LLC P.O. Box 368022 Cleveland, OH 44136 - USA T 1-800-269-6215

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) **Emergency number** 

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS US classification**

Not classified

# 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

### **GHS US labeling**

No labeling applicable

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

# SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

# 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

This mixture does not contain any substances to be mentioned according to the criteria of section 3.2 of HazCom 2012

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell. First aider: Pay attention to self-

protection.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Seek medical attention if ill

effect or irritation develops.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops. Wash skin with plenty of water.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Call a poison

center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Dry powder.

Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Vapors may cause fire/explosion if source of ignition is present. Watch out for invisible flames.

The vapors are denser than air and may travel along the ground. Distance ignition possible.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate area. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not allow water to enter the vessels, a violent reaction may occur. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

enter the vessels, a violent reaction may occur. Eliminate all ignition sources it safe to do so. Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do

not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

Other information : High temperature decomposition products are harmful by inhalation. On exposure to high

temperature, may decompose, releasing toxic gases.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be

dangerous. Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Evacuate area.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Do not breathe vapors. No open

flames, no sparks, and no smoking.

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Wear recommended

personal protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure

controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can

be dangerous.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Stop leak, if possible without risk. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent For containment

migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up with inert absorbent material (for example sand, sawdust, a universal binder, silica gel). Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and

collect in suitable container for disposal. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation. Clear up rapidly by scoop or vacuum.

Other information Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. Additional hazards when processed

Precautions for safe handling Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe

vapors. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Handling temperature : ≤ 140 °F

Hygiene measures : Wear personal protective equipment. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it

before reuse. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in original container.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

| Troy-Bilt 4-Cycle SAE 5W-30 Premium Engine Oil |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits     |  |  |  |
| ACGIH OEL TWA                                  | 5 mg/m³ Contains highly refined petroleum oil  |  |  |
| USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits      |  |  |  |
| OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]                             | 5 mg/m³ Contains highly refined petroleum oil  |  |  |
| OSHA PEL (STEL) [1]                            | 10 mg/m³ Contains highly refined petroleum oil |  |  |

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

EN (English US) 3/7 5/23/2022 (Revision date)

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

### Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

### Hand protection:

Protective gloves. nitrile rubber gloves

### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear impervious rubber safety shoes. Chemical resistant apron

#### Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):











### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : amber
Odor : mild

Odor threshold: No data availablepH: No data availableMelting point: Not applicableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: No data available

Flash point : 214 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Vapor pressure : No data available : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C Relative density : No data available Solubility : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature No data available 63 mm²/s @ 40°C Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic No data available **Explosion limits** No data available Explosive properties No data available Oxidizing properties No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal use.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

High temperature.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Oxidizing agent.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : 63 mm²/s @ 40°C

Symptoms/effects : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse

effects in the environment.

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

| Troy-Bilt 4-Cycle SAE 5W-30 Premium Engine Oil |            |
|--|------------|
| LC50 - Fish [1]                                | > 100 mg/l |
| LC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]             | > 100 mg/l |

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Avoid release to the environment. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national

regulations.

Additional information : Clean up even minor leaks or spills if possible without unnecessary risk. Do not re-use empty

containers.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

Not regulated

### **Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Not applicable

### Transport by sea

Not applicable

### Air transport

Not applicable

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

No additional information available

# 15.2. International regulations

### **CANADA**

No additional information available

# **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

### National regulations

Troy-Bilt 4-Cycle SAE 5W-30 Premium Engine Oil

Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

# 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision date : 05/23/2022

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) Correction section 15

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

Other means of identification

**Synonyms** may include gel/absorbed electrolyte type lead acid batteries

Recommended use Electric storage battery.

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

East Penn Manufacturing Company, Inc. Manufacturer/Supplier **Address** 102 Deka Road, Lyon Station PA 19536

Telephone number (610) 682-6361

**Contact person** East Penn EHS Department

**Emergency telephone** 

number E-mail

USA/Canada: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300, Outside USA 1 (703) 527-3887

contactus@eastpenn-deka.com

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

**Health hazards** Category 4 Acute toxicity, oral

> Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 1A

Reproductive toxicity Effects on or via lactation Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 1 (respiratory system) Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 (respiratory system)

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 1

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

**Environmental hazards** 



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** The materials contained in this product may only represent a hazard if the integrity of the cell or battery is compromised; physically, thermally, or electrically abused. The below are the hazards

anticipated under those conditions:

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system). Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 1

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid SDS US 1/9 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe dust/mist/vapors. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid

release to the environment.

Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison

center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling. Dispose of **Disposal** 

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

| Chemical name                       | CAS number | %       |  |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|--|
| Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) | 7439-92-1  | 43 - 70 |  |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)         | 7664-93-9  | 20 - 44 |  |
| Antimony                            | 7440-36-0  | 3 - 5   |  |

### Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

Content composition concentrations will vary with battery type/size. The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Move injured person into fresh air and keep

person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 Eye contact

minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT Ingestion

induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Get medical attention

immediately.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients

contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

Heavy lead exposure may result in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage

to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

**General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water fog. Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do NOT use water on live electrical circuits.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Batteries evolve flammable hydrogen gas during charging and may increase fire risk. Containers

may explode when heated.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods General fire hazards In case of fire do not breathe fumes. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could

result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Neutralize the spilled material before disposal. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority

requirements.

**Environmental precautions** 

Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, or streams.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

In the event of damage resulting in a leak of exposed materials, avoid contact with contents of an open or damaged cell or battery. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. A dangerous short-circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product.

Value

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in original tightly closed container. Protect containers from damage. Place cardboard

between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components

Type

| -   | • •                                 |                |                    |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Lead and lead compounds<br>(inorganic) (CAS<br>7439-92-1) | TWA                                 | 0.05 mg/m3     |                    |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Components              | Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1<br>Type | l000)<br>Value |                    |
| Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)                                  | PEL                                 | 0.5 mg/m3      |                    |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)               | PEL                                 | 1 mg/m3        |                    |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components               | s<br>Type                           | Value          | Form               |
| Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)                                  | TWA                                 | 0.5 mg/m3      |                    |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)<br>(CAS 7664-93-9)            | TWA                                 | 0.2 mg/m3      | Thoracic fraction. |
| Lead and lead compounds<br>(inorganic) (CAS<br>7439-92-1) | TWA                                 | 0.05 mg/m3     |                    |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components                | nical Hazards<br>Type               | Value          |                    |
| Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)                                  | TWA                                 | 0.5 mg/m3      |                    |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)<br>(CAS 7664-93-9)            | TWA                                 | 1 mg/m3        |                    |
| ,   | TWA                                 | _              |                    |

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

3/9 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

### **US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

 Components
 Type
 Value

 Lead and lead compounds
 TWA
 0.05 mg/m3

(inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** 

| Components  | Value    | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|---|----------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Lead and lead compounds<br>(inorganic) (CAS<br>7439-92-1) | 200 μg/l | Lead        | Blood    | *             |

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

Provide adequate ventilation. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

controls

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear safety glasses with

side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant gloves. Glove material: Nitrile rubber Layer thickness: 0.152 or 0.381 mm Breakthrough time: 240 or 480 min. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Skin protection

Other None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** None under normal conditions.

**Thermal hazards** When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid.

Form Sulfuric acid, liquid. Lead, solid.

Color Not available.

Odor Odorless.

Odor threshold Not available.

**pH** < 1

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 235 - 240 °F (112.8 - 115.6 °C) (Sulfuric acid)

range

Flash point Below room temperature (as hydrogen gas).

**Evaporation rate** < 1 (n-BuAc=1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 4 % (Hydrogen)

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 74 % (Hydrogen)

(%)

Vapor pressure 10 mm Hg
Vapor density > 1 ( Air=1)
Relative density 1.27 - 1.33

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 100 % (Sulfuric acid)

SDS US

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Not explosive. **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Stable at normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not occur.

Overcharging. Ignition sources. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials Strong bases. Combustible organic materials. Reducing agents. Finely divided metals. Strong

oxidizers. Water.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Sulfur dioxide. Sulfur trioxide. Carbon monoxide. Sulfuric acid. Hydrogen.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled. Dust may irritate

respiratory system. Difficulty in breathing. Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time

increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes skin burns.

**Eve contact** Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe eye burns.

Ingestion Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful. Heavy lead exposure may result

in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming

(hematopoietic) tissues.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled or swallowed.

Components **Test Results** 

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

**Acute** Oral

LD50 Rat 2140 mg/kg

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe skin burns. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available. Respiratory sensitization No data available. Skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity No data available.

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid Carcinogenicity

mists containing sulfuric acid" as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This

classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and not to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid

solutions.

# IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid SDS US

### **NTP Report on Carcinogens**

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause

harm to breastfed babies. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes

damage to organs (respiratory system). May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes

damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard. Aspiration hazard

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Heavy lead exposure may result in central **Chronic effects** 

nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic)

tissues. Chronic inhalation of sulfuric acid mist may increase the risk of lung cancer.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test Results** 

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 1.17 mg/l, 96 Hours

(Oncorhynhus mykiss)

The degradation half-life of the product is not known. Lead and its compounds are highly persistent Persistence and degradability

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants, but very little

bioaccumulation occurs through the food chain.

Mobility in soil If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

Mobility in general The product is insoluble in water and will spread on water surfaces.

Other adverse effects None known

# 13. Disposal considerations

Recycle the batteries, as the primary disposal method. Neutralize electrolyte/sulfuric acid. Avoid **Disposal instructions** 

discharge into water courses or onto the ground. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container.

Local disposal regulations

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Hazardous waste code

RCRA: Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled.

Depending upon circumstances, the following waste codes may apply:

Spilled electrolyte/Sulfuric acid. D002: Corrosive waste

Waste from residues / unused

products

Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN2794 **UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** 

Batteries, wet, filled with acid, electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)

**Class** 8 Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) Packing group

**Environmental hazards** Marine pollutant

Nο

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging exceptions 159 Packaging non bulk 159

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

Packaging bulk 159

IATA

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Batteries, wet, filled with acid electric storage

Class 8
Subsidiary risk Packing group Environmental hazards No
ERG Code 8L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: 870

**IMDG** 

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name

BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)
Class

Subsidiary risk Packing group -

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No F-A, S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: P801

Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Hazardous Chemical Reporting Requirements apply when an Extremely Hazardous Substance is present at a facility in an amount equal to or exceeding 500 pounds or the Threshold Planning

Quantity, whichever is lower per 40CFR370.10(a)(1)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)

8

(CAS 7439-92-1)

0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)

Listed.

Listed.

(CAS 7439-92-1)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) 1000 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Reproductive toxicity

(CAS 7439-92-1)

Central nervous system

Kidney Blood Acute toxicity

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated

"active".

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

SDS US

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

| Chemical name         | CAS number | Reportable quantity (pounds) | Threshold planning quantity (pounds) | Threshold<br>planning quantity,<br>lower value<br>(pounds) | Threshold<br>planning quantity,<br>upper value<br>(pounds) |  |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric | 7664-93-9  | 1000                         | 1000                                 |  |  |  |

acid)

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard categories

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name                       | CAS number | % by wt. |  |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Antimony                            | 7440-36-0  | 3 - 5    |  |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)         | 7664-93-9  | 20 - 44  |  |
| Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) | 7439-92-1  | 43 - 70  |  |

### Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

6552

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

20 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

# **US** state regulations

### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

# **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm. www.P65warnings.ca.gov

or

PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Batteries also contain other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WASH HANDS AFTER HANDLING.

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Arsenic (CAS 7440-38-2) Listed: February 27, 1987 Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Listed: March 14, 2003 Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: October 1, 1992

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

Inventory name

### **International Inventories**

**Philippines** 

Country(s) or region

Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Yes Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) No Yes China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical No Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Europe No Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes

(PICCS)

Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) Yes United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

19-September-2017 Issue date Revision date 31-August-2020

Version # 03

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%. List of abbreviations

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity References

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

**Disclaimer** EastPenn cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The

information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable, but no warranty or representation as to its accuracy or completeness is hereby given. Users should consider the information herein only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal, the safety and health of employees and customers and the

protection of the environment.

923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

SDS US

On inventory (yes/no)\*

Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

Other means of identification

**Synonyms** may include gel/absorbed electrolyte type lead acid batteries

Recommended use Electric storage battery.

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

East Penn Manufacturing Company, Inc. Manufacturer/Supplier **Address** 102 Deka Road, Lyon Station PA 19536

Telephone number (610) 682-6361

**Contact person** East Penn EHS Department

**Emergency telephone** 

number E-mail

USA/Canada: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300, Outside USA 1 (703) 527-3887

contactus@eastpenn-deka.com

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

**Health hazards** Category 4 Acute toxicity, oral

> Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 1A

Reproductive toxicity Effects on or via lactation Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 1 (respiratory system) Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 (respiratory system)

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 1

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

**Environmental hazards** 



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** The materials contained in this product may only represent a hazard if the integrity of the cell or battery is compromised; physically, thermally, or electrically abused. The below are the hazards

anticipated under those conditions:

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system). Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 1

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid SDS US 1/9 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe dust/mist/vapors. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid

release to the environment.

Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison

center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling. Dispose of **Disposal** 

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

> Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

| Chemical name                       | CAS number | %       |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) | 7439-92-1  | 43 - 70 |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)         | 7664-93-9  | 20 - 44 |
| Antimony                            | 7440-36-0  | 3 - 5   |

### Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

Content composition concentrations will vary with battery type/size. The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Move injured person into fresh air and keep

person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 Eye contact

minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT Ingestion

induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Get medical attention

immediately.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients

contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

Heavy lead exposure may result in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage

to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

**General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water fog.

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid SDS US 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do NOT use water on live electrical circuits.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Batteries evolve flammable hydrogen gas during charging and may increase fire risk. Containers

may explode when heated.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods General fire hazards In case of fire do not breathe fumes. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could

result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Neutralize the spilled material before disposal. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority

requirements.

**Environmental precautions** 

Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, or streams.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

In the event of damage resulting in a leak of exposed materials, avoid contact with contents of an open or damaged cell or battery. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. A dangerous short-circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product.

Value

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in original tightly closed container. Protect containers from damage. Place cardboard

between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components

Type

| -   | • •                                 |                |                    |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Lead and lead compounds<br>(inorganic) (CAS<br>7439-92-1) | TWA                                 | 0.05 mg/m3     |                    |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Components              | Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1<br>Type | l000)<br>Value |                    |
| Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)                                  | PEL                                 | 0.5 mg/m3      |                    |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)               | PEL                                 | 1 mg/m3        |                    |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components               | s<br>Type                           | Value          | Form               |
| Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)                                  | TWA                                 | 0.5 mg/m3      |                    |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)<br>(CAS 7664-93-9)            | TWA                                 | 0.2 mg/m3      | Thoracic fraction. |
| Lead and lead compounds<br>(inorganic) (CAS<br>7439-92-1) | TWA                                 | 0.05 mg/m3     |                    |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components                | nical Hazards<br>Type               | Value          |                    |
| Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)                                  | TWA                                 | 0.5 mg/m3      |                    |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)<br>(CAS 7664-93-9)            | TWA                                 | 1 mg/m3        |                    |
| ,   | TWA                                 | _              |                    |

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

3/9 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

### **US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

 Components
 Type
 Value

 Lead and lead compounds
 TWA
 0.05 mg/m3

(inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** 

| Components  | Value    | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|---|----------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Lead and lead compounds<br>(inorganic) (CAS<br>7439-92-1) | 200 μg/l | Lead        | Blood    | *             |

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

Provide adequate ventilation. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

controls

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear safety glasses with

side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant gloves. Glove material: Nitrile rubber Layer thickness: 0.152 or 0.381 mm Breakthrough time: 240 or 480 min. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Skin protection

Other None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** None under normal conditions.

**Thermal hazards** When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid.

Form Sulfuric acid, liquid. Lead, solid.

Color Not available.

Odor Odorless.

Odor threshold Not available.

**pH** < 1

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 235 - 240 °F (112.8 - 115.6 °C) (Sulfuric acid)

range

Flash point Below room temperature (as hydrogen gas).

**Evaporation rate** < 1 (n-BuAc=1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 4 % (Hydrogen)

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 74 % (Hydrogen)

(%)

Vapor pressure 10 mm Hg
Vapor density > 1 ( Air=1)
Relative density 1.27 - 1.33

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 100 % (Sulfuric acid)

SDS US

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Not explosive. **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Stable at normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not occur.

Overcharging. Ignition sources. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials Strong bases. Combustible organic materials. Reducing agents. Finely divided metals. Strong

oxidizers. Water.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Sulfur dioxide. Sulfur trioxide. Carbon monoxide. Sulfuric acid. Hydrogen.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled. Dust may irritate

respiratory system. Difficulty in breathing. Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time

increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes skin burns.

**Eve contact** Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe eye burns.

Ingestion Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful. Heavy lead exposure may result

in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming

(hematopoietic) tissues.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled or swallowed.

Components **Test Results** 

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

**Acute** Oral

LD50 Rat 2140 mg/kg

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe skin burns. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available. Respiratory sensitization No data available. Skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity No data available.

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid Carcinogenicity

mists containing sulfuric acid" as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This

classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and not to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid

solutions.

# IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid SDS US

### **NTP Report on Carcinogens**

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May cause

harm to breastfed babies. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes

damage to organs (respiratory system). May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes

damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard. Aspiration hazard

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Heavy lead exposure may result in central **Chronic effects** 

nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic)

tissues. Chronic inhalation of sulfuric acid mist may increase the risk of lung cancer.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test Results** 

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 1.17 mg/l, 96 Hours

(Oncorhynhus mykiss)

The degradation half-life of the product is not known. Lead and its compounds are highly persistent Persistence and degradability

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants, but very little

bioaccumulation occurs through the food chain.

Mobility in soil If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

Mobility in general The product is insoluble in water and will spread on water surfaces.

Other adverse effects None known

# 13. Disposal considerations

Recycle the batteries, as the primary disposal method. Neutralize electrolyte/sulfuric acid. Avoid **Disposal instructions** 

discharge into water courses or onto the ground. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container.

Local disposal regulations

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Hazardous waste code

RCRA: Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled.

Depending upon circumstances, the following waste codes may apply:

Spilled electrolyte/Sulfuric acid. D002: Corrosive waste

Waste from residues / unused

products

Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN2794 **UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** 

Batteries, wet, filled with acid, electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)

**Class** 8 Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Nο

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging exceptions 159 Packaging non bulk 159

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017 Packaging bulk 159

IATA

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Batteries, wet, filled with acid electric storage

Class 8
Subsidiary risk Packing group Environmental hazards No
ERG Code 8L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: 870

**IMDG** 

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name

BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)
Class

Subsidiary risk Packing group -

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No F-A, S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: P801

Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Hazardous Chemical Reporting Requirements apply when an Extremely Hazardous Substance is present at a facility in an amount equal to or exceeding 500 pounds or the Threshold Planning

Quantity, whichever is lower per 40CFR370.10(a)(1)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)

8

(CAS 7439-92-1)

0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)

Listed.

Listed.

(CAS 7439-92-1)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) 1000 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Reproductive toxicity

(CAS 7439-92-1)

Central nervous system

Kidney Blood Acute toxicity

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated

"active".

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

SDS US

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

| Chemical name         | CAS number | Reportable quantity (pounds) | Threshold<br>planning quantity<br>(pounds) | Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds) | Threshold<br>planning quantity,<br>upper value<br>(pounds) |  |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric | 7664-93-9  | 1000                         | 1000                                       |   |  |  |

acid)

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard categories

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name                       | CAS number | % by wt. |  |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Antimony                            | 7440-36-0  | 3 - 5    |  |
| Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)         | 7664-93-9  | 20 - 44  |  |
| Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) | 7439-92-1  | 43 - 70  |  |

### Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

6552

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

20 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

# **US** state regulations

### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

# **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm. www.P65warnings.ca.gov

or

PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Batteries also contain other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WASH HANDS AFTER HANDLING.

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Arsenic (CAS 7440-38-2) Listed: February 27, 1987 Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Listed: March 14, 2003 Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: October 1, 1992

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) Listed: February 27, 1987

(CAS 7439-92-1)

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

Inventory name

### **International Inventories**

**Philippines** 

Country(s) or region

Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Yes Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) No Yes China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical No Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Europe No Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) Yes United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

19-September-2017 Issue date Revision date 31-August-2020

Version # 03

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%. List of abbreviations

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity References

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

**Disclaimer** EastPenn cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The

information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable, but no warranty or representation as to its accuracy or completeness is hereby given. Users should consider the information herein only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal, the safety and health of employees and customers and the

protection of the environment.

SDS US 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 31-August-2020 Issue date: 19-September-2017

On inventory (yes/no)\*

Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).