

Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)

CAS No : 811-97-2 Formula : C2H2F4

Other means of identification : Halocarbon 134a, Dymel 134a, refrigerant gas 134a, 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc. 10 Riverview Drive

Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS-US** classification

Compressed gas H280

## 2.2. Label elements

## **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION

CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the

classification

: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-6213 1/8



Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 811-97-2	100

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact

The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting

. .

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems

Stop flow of product if safe to do so

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Try to stop release. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-6213 2/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

# 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Hand protection

: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-6213 3/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer

connections. Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable).

Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : None necessary.

Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for

specific methods for waste gas treatment.

Other information : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas
Molecular mass : 102 g/mol
Color : Colorless.
Odor : Ethereal.

Odor threshold : Odor threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn for overexposure.

pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -101 °C

Freezing point : -103 °C

Boiling point : -26.6 °C

Flash point : Not applicable.

Critical temperature : 101.1 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : 592 kPa absolute at 70°F (21.1°C)

Critical pressure : 4070 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : 1.208 Water : 77°F (25°C), 1 atm

Density : 0.2697 lb/ft3 (4.320 kg/m3) vapor density

Relative gas density : 3.6

Solubility : Water: 1930 mg/l

Log Pow : 0.94

Log Kow : Not applicable.

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosion limits : Non flammable.

## 9.2. Other information

Gas group : Compressed gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-6213 4/8



Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1.	Reactivity	
		No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2.	Chemical stability	
		Stable under normal conditions.
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
		None.
10.4.	Conditions to avoid	
		None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
10.5.	Incompatible materials	
		Aluminum. Carbon dioxide >1832°F (1000°C). Alloys with >2% magnesium in the presence of water.
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products	
		Thermal decomposition may produce: Fluorine, Carbonyl fluoride.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) ( \f )811-97-2	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	1500 g/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	100000 ppm/1h
ATE US (gases)	50000.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	1500.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1500.000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)	
Log Pow	0.94
Log Kow	Not applicable.

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-6213 5/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None Global warming potential [CO2=1] : 1300

Effect on the global warming : When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect Contains Fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto protocol

Contains Fiderinated greeningase gases severed by the rey

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN3159 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN3159

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter

#### **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 126

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 3159

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 134a)

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 126

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 3159

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Class (IATA) : 2

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-6213 6/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

Civil Aeronautics Law

: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
	Sudden release of pressure hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

### Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

## Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Tetrafluoroethane (R134a) (811-97-2)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

# 15.3. US State regulations

13.3. 03 State regulations	
Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)(811-97-2)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm



# Safety Data Sheet P-6213

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 10/01/1997 Revision date: 10/26/2016 Supersedes: 10/01/2014

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044)

PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.