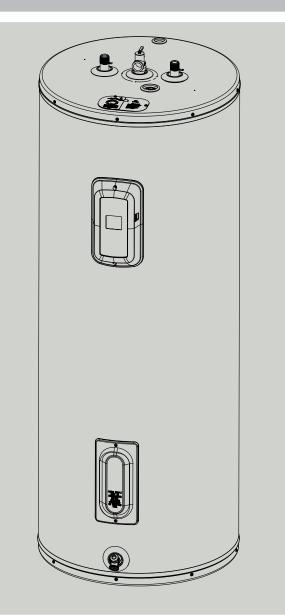
Electric Residential

Water Heaters

with Electronic Control



The purpose of this manual is twofold: one, to provide the installer with the basic directions and recommendations for the proper installation and adjustment of the water heater; and two, for the owner–operator, to explain the features, operation, safety precautions, maintenance and troubleshooting of the water heater. This manual also includes a parts list.

It is imperative that all persons who are expected to install, operate or adjust this water heater read the instructions carefully so they may understand how to perform these operations. If you do not understand these instructions or any terms within it, seek professional advice.

Any questions regarding the operation, maintenance, service or warranty of this water heater should be directed to the seller from whom it was purchased. If additional information is required, refer to the section on "If you need service."

Do not destroy this manual. Please read carefully and keep in a safe place for future reference.



Recognize this symbol as an indication of Important Safety Information!

California Proposition 65 Warning: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



Safety Information

Safety Precautions 3, 4



FOR YOUR RECORDS

Write the model and serial numbers here:

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#
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#

You can find them on a label on the appliance.

Staple sales slip or cancelled check here.

Proof of the original purchase date is needed to obtain service under the warranty.



READ THIS MANUAL

Inside you will find many helpful hints on how to use and maintain your water heater properly. Just a little preventive care on your part can save you a great deal of time and money over the life of your water heater.

You'll find many answers to common problems in the Before You Call For Service section. If you review our chart of Troubleshooting Tips first, you may not need to call for service at all.



READ THE SAFETY INFORMATION

Your safety and the safety of others are very important. There are many important safety messages in this manual and on your appliance. Always read and obey all safety messages.



This is the safety alert symbol. Recognize this symbol as an indication of Important Safety Information! This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that can kill or hurt you and others.

All safety messages will follow the safety alert symbol and either the word "DANGER", "WARNING", "CAUTION" or "NOTICE".

These words mean:



WARNING

A CAUTION

Notice:

An imminently hazardous situation that will result in death or serious injury.

A potentially hazardous situation that could result in death or serious injury and/or damage to property.

A potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor or moderate injury.

Attention is called to observe a specified procedure or maintain a specific condition.

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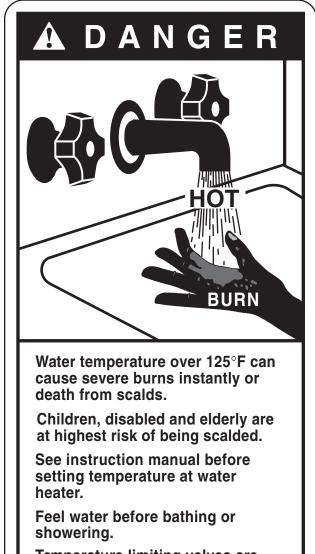
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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING.



ADANGER! WATER TEMPERATURE SETTING

Safety and energy conservation are factors to be considered when selecting the water temperature setting of water heater's thermostat. Water temperatures above 125°F can cause severe burns or death from scalding. Be sure to read and follow the warnings outlined on the label pictured below. This label is also located on the water heater near the thermostat access panel.



Temperature limiting valves are available, see manual.

NOTICE: Mixing valves are available for reducing point of use water temperature by mixing hot and cold water in branch water lines. Contact a licensed plumber or the local plumbing authority for further information.

Time/Temperature Relationship in Scalds

Temperature	Time To Produce a Serious Burn	
120°F	More than 5 minutes	
125°F	1 ¹ / ₂ to 2 minutes	
130°F	About 30 seconds	
135°F	About 10 seconds	
140°F	Less than 5 seconds	
145°F	Less than 3 seconds	
150°F	About 1½ seconds	
155°F	About 1 second	

Table courtesy of Shriners Burn Institute

The chart shown above may be used as a guide in determining the proper water temperature for your home.

ADANGER: Households with small children, disabled, or elderly persons may require a 120°F or lower thermostat setting to prevent contact with "HOT" water.

The temperature of the water in the heater is regulated by the electronic control and surface mounted temperature sensors. To comply with safety regulations the electronic control was programmed with a 120°F set point at the factory.

DO NOT attempt to set the temperature by removing the electronic control or lower access panel. See the electronic control operation section of this manual.

ADANGER: Hotter water increases the potential for Hot Water SCALDS.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING.

A WARNING!

For your safety, the information in this manual must be followed to minimize the risk of fire or explosion, electric shock, or to prevent property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

Be sure to read and understand the entire Use and Care Manual before attempting to install or operate this water heater. It may save you time and cost. Pay particular attention to the Safety Instructions. Failure to follow these warnings could result in serious bodily injury or death. Should you have problems understanding the instructions in this manual, or have any questions, STOP, and get help from a qualified service technician, or the local electric utility.



FOR INSTALLATIONS IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

California Law requires that residential water heaters must be braced, anchored or strapped to resist falling or horizontal displacement due to earthquake motions. For residential water heaters up to 52 gallon capacity, a brochure with generic earthquake bracing instructions can be obtained from: Office of the State Architect, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 or you may call 916-324-5315 or ask a water heater dealer.

However, applicable local codes shall govern installation. For residential water heaters of a capacity greater than 52 gallons, consult the local building jurisdiction for acceptable bracing procedures.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Have the installer show you the location of the circuit breaker and how to shut it off if necessary. Turn off the circuit breaker if the water heater has been subjected to overheating, fire, flood, physical damage or if the ECO fails to shut off.

- Read this manual entirely before installing or operating the water heater.
- Use this appliance only for its intended purpose as described in this Use and Care Manual.
- Be sure your appliance is properly installed in accordance with local codes and the provided installation instructions.
- **DO NOT** attempt to repair or replace any part of your water heater unless it is specifically recommended in this manual. All other servicing should be referred to a qualified technician.



The location chosen for the water heater must take into consideration the following:

Local Installation Regulations

This water heater must be installed in accordance with these instructions, local codes, utility codes, utility company requirements or, in the absence of local codes, the latest edition of the National Electrical Code. It is available from some local libraries or can be purchased from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269 as booklet ANSI/NFPA 70.

Location

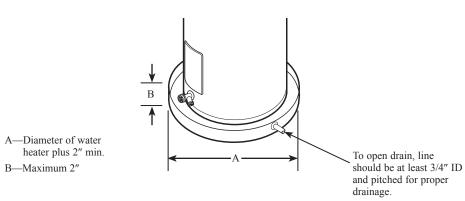
NOTICE: Do not install the water heater in attics where the temperature may exceed 150°F. Locate the water heater in a clean dry area as near as practical to the area of greatest heated water demand. Long un-insulated hot water lines can waste energy and water.

Place the water heater in such a manner that the upper electronic control and the lower access panels can be removed to permit inspection and servicing such as removal of elements or checking controls.

The water heater and water lines should be protected from freezing temperatures. Do not install the water heater in outdoor, unprotected areas.

Make certain the floor underneath the water heater is strong enough to sufficiently support the weight of the water heater once it is filled with water. **A**CAUTION: The water heater should not be located in an area where leakage of the tank or connections will result in damage to the area adjacent to it or to lower floors of the structure. Where such areas cannot be avoided, it is recommended that a suitable catch pan, adequately drained, be installed under the water heater.

This water heater is supplied with a water detection system. It is recommended that the water heater be placed in a suitable catch pan and the water sensor rope be placed inside the catch pan. See water sensor section for further information.



NOTICE: Auxiliary catch pan MUST conform to local codes. Catch Pan Kits are available from the store where the water

heater was purchased, or any water heater distributor.

Inspect Shipment

Inspect the water heater for possible damage. Check the markings on the rating plate of the water heater to be certain the power supply corresponds to the water heater requirements.

Thermal Expansion

Determine if a check valve exists in the inlet water line. Check with your local water utility. It may have been installed in the cold water line as a separate back flow preventer, or it may be part of a pressure reducing valve, water meter or water softener. A check valve located in the cold water inlet line can cause what is referred to as a "closed water system". A cold water inlet line with no check valve or back flow prevention device is referred to as an "open" water system.

As water is heated, it expands in volume and creates an increase in the pressure within the water system. This action is referred to as **"thermal expansion"**. In an "open" water system, expanding water which exceeds the capacity of the water heater flows back into the city main where the pressure is easily dissipated.

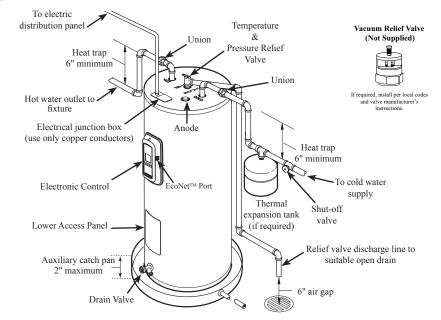
A "closed water system", however, prevents the expanding water from flowing back into the main supply line, and the result of "thermal expansion" can create a rapid and dangerous pressure increase in the water heater and system piping. This rapid pressure increase can quickly reach the safety setting of the relief valve, causing it to operate during each heating cycle. Thermal expansion, and the resulting rapid and repeated expansion and contraction of components in the water heater and piping system can cause premature failure of the relief valve, and possibly the heater itself. Replacing the relief valve will not correct the problem!

The suggested method of controlling thermal expansion is to install an expansion tank in the cold water line between the water heater and the check valve (refer to the illustration below). The expansion tank is designed with an air cushion built in that compresses as the system pressure increases, thereby relieving the over pressure condition and eliminating the repeated operation of the relief valve. Other methods of controlling thermal expansion are also available. Contact your installing contractor, water supplier or plumbing inspector for additional information regarding this subject.

Water Supply Connections

NOTICE: Do not apply heat to the HOT or COLD water connections. If sweat connections are used, sweat tubing to adapter before fitting adapter to the water connections on heater. Any heat applied to the water supply fittings will permanently damage the dip tube and/or heat traps. Refer to the illustration below for suggested typical installation. The installation of unions or flexible copper connectors is recommended on the hot and cold water connections so that the water heater may be easily disconnected for servicing if necessary. The HOT and COLD water connections are clearly marked and are 3/4" NPT on all models. Install a shut-off valve in the cold water line near the water heater.

Typical Installation



A new combination temperature and pressure relief valve, complying with the Standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shut-Off Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems, ANSI Z21.22, is supplied and must be installed in the opening provided and marked for the purpose on the water heater. No valve of any type should be installed between the relief valve and the tank. Local codes shall govern the installation of relief valves.

Relief Valve

AWARNING: The pressure rating of the relief valve must not exceed 150 PSI, the maximum working pressure of the water heater as marked on the rating plate.

The BTUH rating of the relief valve must not be less than the input rating of the water heater as indicated on the rating label located on the front of the heater (1 watt=3.412 BTUH).

Connect the outlet of the relief valve to a suitable open drain so that the discharge water cannot contact live electrical parts or persons and to eliminate potential water damage. Piping used should be of a type approved for hot water distribution. The discharge line must be no smaller than the outlet of the valve and must pitch downward from the valve to allow complete drainage (by gravity) of the relief valve and discharge line. The end of the discharge line should not be threaded or concealed and should be protected from freezing. No valve of any type, restriction or reducer coupling should be installed in the discharge line.

To Fill the Water Heater

AWARNING: The tank must be full of water before heater is turned on. The water heater warranty does not cover damage or failure resulting from operation with an empty or partially empty tank. Make certain the drain valve is completely closed.

Open the shut-off valve in the cold water supply line.

Open each hot water faucet slowly to allow the air to vent from the water heater and piping.

A steady flow of water from the hot water faucet(s) indicates a full water heater.

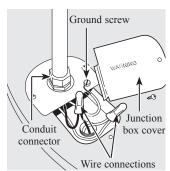
Condensation

Condensation can form on the tank when it is first filled with water. Condensation might also occur with a heavy water draw and very cold inlet water temperature. This condition is not unusual, and will disappear after the water becomes heated. If, however, the condensation continues, examine the piping and fittings for possible leaks.

EcoNetTM Communication Port

EcoNet[™] Communication port is for future integration with home automation, energy management, and demand response systems.

Installing the water heater.



Water heater junction box.

A CAUTION: The presence of water in the piping and water heater does not provide sufficient conduction for a ground. Non-metallic piping, dielectric unions, flexible connectors etc. can cause the water heater to be electrically isolated.

Electrical Connections

A separate branch circuit with copper conductors, overcurrent protective device and suitable disconnecting means must be provided by a qualified electrician.

All wiring must conform to local codes or latest edition of National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70.

The water heater is completely wired to the junction box inside jacket at the top front of the water heater. An opening for 1/2'' or 3/4'' electrical fitting is provided for field wiring connections.

The voltage requirements and wattage load for the water heater are specified on the rating plate on the front of the water heater. The branch circuit wiring should include either:

- Metallic conduit or metallic sheathed cable approved for use as a grounding conductor and installed with fittings approved for the purpose.
- 2 Non-metallic sheathed cable, metallic conduit or metallic sheathed cable not approved for use as a ground conductor shall include a separate conductor for grounding. It should be attached to the ground terminals of the water heater and the electrical distribution box.

NOTICE: This guide recommends minimum branch circuit sizing and wire size based on National Electric Code. Refer to wiring diagrams in this manual for field wiring connections.

Branch Circuit Sizing and Wire Size Guide

Total Water Heater Wattage	Recommended Over Current Protection (fuse or circuit breaker amperage rating)			ize AWG Based e 310-16 (75°C)
	208V	240V	208V	240V
3,000	20	20	12	12
4,000	25	25	10	10
4,500	30	25	10	10
5,000	30	30	10	10
5,500	35	30	8	10

Single Phase Wiring

Insulation Blankets

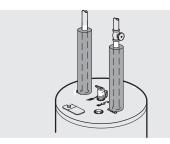
A WARNING: If local codes require external application of insulation blanket kits the manufacturer's instructions included with the kit must be carefully followed. Insulation blankets, available to the general public, for external use on electric water heaters are not necessary. The purpose of an insulation blanket is to reduce the standby heat loss encountered with storage tank heaters. This water heater meets or exceeds the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act standards with respect to insulation and standby loss requirements making an insulation blanket unnecessary.

The manufacturer's warranty does not cover any damage or defect caused by installation, attachment or use of any type of energy saving or other unapproved devices (other than those authorized by the manufacturer) into, onto or in conjunction with the water heater. The use of unauthorized energy saving devices may shorten the life of the water heater and may endanger life and property.

The manufacturer disclaims any responsibility for such loss or injury resulting from the use of such unauthorized devices. ACAUTION: If local codes require the application of an external insulation blanket to this water heater, pay careful attention to the following so as not to restrict the proper function and operation of the water heater:

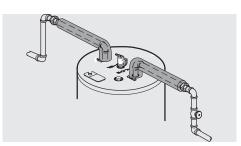
- Do not cover the operating or warning labels attached to the water heater or attempt to relocate them on the exterior of insulation blanket.
- Do not apply insulation to the top of the water heater. This could interfere with the safe operation of the electrical junction box.
- Do not cover the jacket access panel(s) to the thermostat(s) and heating element(s), or pressure and temperature relief valve.
- Inspect the insulation blanket frequently.

Hot and Cold Pipe Insulation Installation



Typical vertical piping arrangement

For increased energy efficiency, some water heaters have been supplied with two 24" sections of pipe insulation.

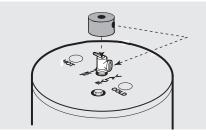


Typical horizontal piping arrangement

Please install the insulation, according to the illustrations above, that best meets your requirements.

Relief Valve Insulation Installation

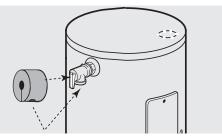
ACAUTION: Ensure the T&P Valve opening is not obstructed by the insulation.



Typical top connection arrangement

For increased energy efficiency, some water heaters have been supplied with a 2-3/8" section of pipe insulation.

Please install the insulation, according to the illustrations above, that best meets your requirements.



Typical side connection arrangement

Slip the insulation cover over the T&P Valve through the center hole and align the hole in the side with the opening of the T&P Valve.

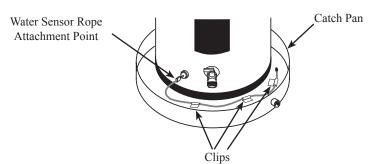
Heat Trap

For increased energy efficiency, some water heaters have been supplied with factory installed internal or external heat traps in the hot outlet and cold water inlet openings. NOTICE: Do not apply heat to the HOT or COLD water connections. If sweat connections are used, sweat tubing to adapter before fitting adapter to the water connections on heater. Any heat applied to the water supply fittings will permanently damage the dip tube and/ or heat traps.

Water Sensor

In order to detect the presence of unwanted water, this water heater is supplied with a built-in water sensing circuit. The water sensor rope is shipped in the warranty bag for field installation.

Remove water sensor rope from the bag and attach to the connector located near the lower access panel. Place the rope in the recommended catch pan and secure to the pan bottom with provided self adhesive clips. When water is detected, the electronic control will turn off the heating elements, flash the display backlight and turn on an audible alarm.



A. Water Heater Location

- Close to area of heated water demand.
- □ Indoors and protected from freezing temperatures.
- Area free of flammable vapors.
- Provisions made to protect area from water damage.
- □ Sufficient room to service heater.

B. Water Supply

- □ Water heater completely filled with water.
- Air purged from water heater and piping.
- □ Water connections tight and free of leaks.

C. Relief Valve

- Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve properly installed and discharge line run to open drain.
- Discharge line protected from freezing.

D. Wiring

- Power Supply voltage agrees with water heater rating plate.
- Branch circuit wire and fusing or circuit breaker of proper size.
- Electrical connections tight and unit properly grounded.

E. Water Sensor

- U Water heater in catch pan
- $\hfill\square$ Water sensor rope connected to heater
- □ Water sensor rope inside catch pan and secured with clip

Operating the water heater.

ACAUTION: Hydrogen gas can be produced in a hot water system served by this water heater that has not been used for a long period of time (generally two weeks or more). HYDROGEN GAS IS EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE!! To dissipate such gas and to reduce risk of injury, it is recommended that the hot water faucet be opened for several minutes at the kitchen sink before using any electrical appliance connected to the hot water system. If hydrogen is present, there will be an unusual sound such as air escaping through the pipe as the water begins to flow. Do not smoke or use an open flame near the faucet at the time it is open.

Safety Precautions

- Do turn off power to water heater if it has been subjected to over heating, fire, flood, physical damage.
- **B Do Not** turn on water heater unless it is filled with water.
- **Do Not** turn on water heater if cold water supply shut-off valve is closed.
- Safety Controls

The water heater is equipped with a temperature sensor and temperature limiting control (ECO) that is located above the upper heating element in contact with the tank surface. If for any reason the water temperature becomes excessively high, the temperature limiting control (ECO) breaks the power circuit to the heating element. Once the control opens, it must be reset manually.

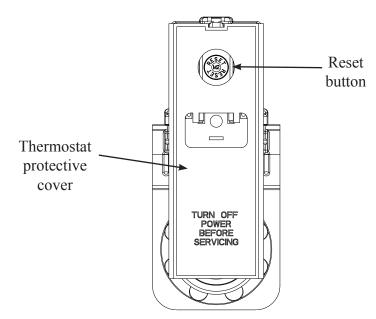
ACAUTION: The cause of the high temperature condition must be investigated by qualified service technician and corrective action must be taken before placing the water heater in service again. If there is any difficulty in understanding or following the Operating Instructions or the Care and Cleaning section, it is recommended that a qualified person or serviceman perform the work.

To reset the temperature limiting control:

- Turn off the power to the water heater.
- **2** Remove the electronic control and insulation.

The thermostat protective cover should not be removed.

- **3** Press the red RESET button.
 - Replace the insulation and electronic control before turning on the power to the water heater.



A WARNING: If the water heater has been subjected to flood, fire, or physical damage, turn off power and water to the water heater.

DO NOT operate the water heater again until it has been thoroughly checked by qualified service personnel. ADANGER: There is a hot water scald potential if the thermostat is set too high. Households with small children, disabled, or elderly persons may require a 120°F or lower thermostat setting to prevent contact with HOT water.

Water Temperature Set Point

Safety and energy conservation are factors to be considered when selecting the water temperature setting of the water heater's thermostat(s). The lower the temperature setting, the greater the savings in energy and operating costs.

To comply with safety regulations the electronic control is factory programmed at 120°F or less where local codes require. This is the recommended starting point.

Water temperatures above 125°F can cause severe burns or death from scalding. Be sure to read and follow the warnings outlined in this manual and on the label on the water heater. This label is located on the water heater above the lower access panel. Mixing valves for reducing point of use water temperature by mixing hot and cold water in branch water lines are available. Contact a licensed plumber or the local plumbing authority for further information.

The electronic control allows the water temperature to be set from 110°F to 150°F.

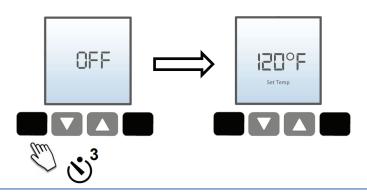
The chart below may be used as a guide in determining the proper water temperature for your home.

Temperature	Time To Produce a Serious Burn
 120°F	More than 5 minutes
125°F	$1^{1/2}$ to 2 minutes
 130°F	About 30 seconds
 135°F	About 10 seconds
 140°F	Less than 5 seconds
 145°F	Less than 3 seconds
 150°F	About 11/2 seconds
 155°F	About 1 second

Time/Temperature Relationship in Scalds

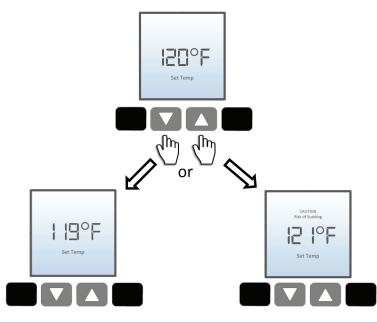
Table courtesy of Shriners Burn Institute

POWERING ON WATER HEATER



Press and hold the On/Off button for 3 seconds to turn the water heater On

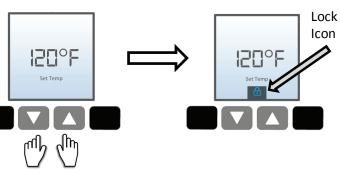
SETTING WATER TEMPERATURE



Reduce Water Temperature: Press DOWN arrow until desired temperature is shown on display.

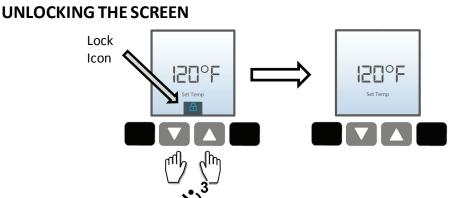
Increase Water Temperature: Press UP arrow until desired temperature is shown on display.

LOCKING THE SCREEN



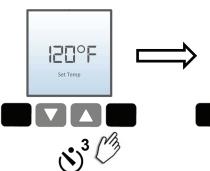
Press and hold both arrow buttons for 3 seconds to LOCK the control. Locking will reduce chance of unintentional changes in water temperature.

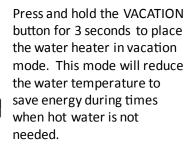
*Note: If screen is dimmed press any button and release to brighten the display before performing desired action.



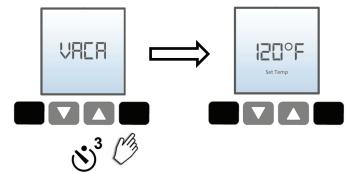
Press and hold both arrow buttons for 3 seconds to UNLOCK the control.

VACATION SETTING ON





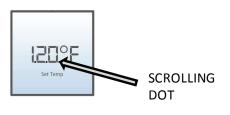
VACATION SETTING OFF



Press and hold the VACATION button for 3 seconds to remove the water heater from vacation mode. This will return the temperature setting to the previous set point before initiating vacation mode.

HEATING STATUS

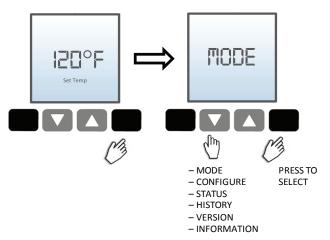
*Note: If screen is dimmed press any button and release to brighten the display before performing desired action.



VHEH

When a dot scrolls between the numbers, this means that the heating element is on.

CONFIGURATION MENU



Press and release the MENU/SELECT button to enable the configuration menu.

Use UP/DOWN arrow buttons to scroll through the available configuration settings.

Press MENU/SELECT button to choose the desired menu item. See below for further options.

MODE

*Note: If screen is dimmed press any button and release to brighten the display before performing desired action.



The MODE menu is used to change the water heater from PERFORMANCE mode to ENERGY SAVER mode.

Use DOWN arrow to change the mode.

CONFIGURE



The CONFIGURE menu is used to change additional settings for the water heater performance and display options.

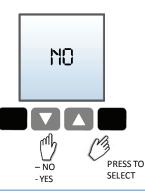
Press the DOWN arrow button to scroll through the available settings.

Press MENU/SELECT button to choose the desired configuration option.

See following sheet for explanation for each configuration setting.

HIGH TEMPERATURE

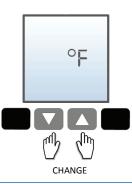
*Note: If screen is dimmed press any button and release to brighten the display before performing desired action.



High temperature mode will allow the water temperature to be set above 140 degrees F.

Press the DOWN arrow to change setting then press SELECT.

DISPLAY



Display mode is used to change the temperature displayed from Fahrenheit to Celsius.

Press either UP or DOWN arrow to change.

BEEP

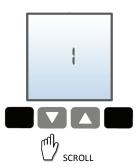


Beep mode is use to turn all the audible alarms on and off.

Press either UP or DOWN arrow to change.

In this mode, error alarms and water sensor detection alarms will not occur.

INSTANCE

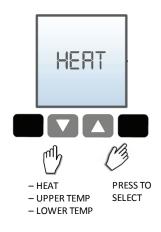


Instance number is used to identify the water heater if additional water heaters or devices are connected to a joint home control system.

The number may be changed from 1 to 16 to identify this water heater.

STATUS

*Note: If screen is dimmed press any button and release to brighten the display before performing desired action.

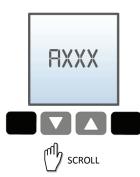


Use DOWN arrow to scroll through the menu. Press MENU/SELECT button to activate menu item.

HEAT will display if an element is on or off.

Choosing UPPER or LOWER TEMP will display the current temperature reading for that sensor.

HISTORY



History menu lists the 10 most recent error codes.

Use the DOWN arrow to scroll the codes.

ERROR DISPLAY

History menu lists the 10 most recent error codes. Press the BACK/STATUS button to show the most recent error code. Use the DOWN arrow to scroll the codes. See following sheet for all error codes, scrolling messages and recommended action. BID I UPPER HERTER TEMP THERMISTOR FRILLIRE

Error Codes for Electronic Control

ERROR CODES

CODE	SCROLLING MESSAGE	DESCRIPTION/ACTION	
A100	Lower temperature thermistor failure	Electronic control has detected lower temperature sensor is bad. The problem could be the sensor, wiring, or the control board. Please call for service.	
A101	Upper temperature thermistor failure	Electronic control has detected upper temperature sensor is bad. The problem could be the sensor, wiring, or the control board. Please call for service.	
A102	Water sensor alarm	Electronic control has detected water in the drain pan. Check the pan for water. If there is no water present, disconnect the sensor, dry and reinstall it to reset the error.	
A103	Fill tank with water	Electronic control has detected no water in the tank. Please fill the tank with water and recycle power.	
A104	Emergency cut off alarm	Electronic control has detected high temperature electrical cut-out device (ECO) has been activated. Reset ECO or call for service	
A105	Lower element error	Electronic control has detected an error with the lower element or associated wiring and connections. Please call for service.	
A106	Upper element error	Electronic control has detected an error with the upper element or associated wiring and connections. Please call for service.	
A107	Element wire routing error	Call for service	
A108	Lower element relay stuck on error	If this error is displayed, the control board will have to be replaced. Please call customer service.	
A109	Upper element relay stuck on error	If this error is displayed, the control board will have to be replaced. Please call customer service.	
A110	Lower temperature conversion error	n If this error is displayed, the control board will have to be replaced. Please call customer service.	
A111	Upper temperature conversion error	If this error is displayed, the control board will have to be replaced. Please call customer service.	
A500	Control Failure	If this error is displayed, the control board will have to be replaced. Please call customer service.	

ACAUTION: For your safety DO NOT attempt repair of electrical wiring, temperature sensor, electronic control, heating elements or other safety devices. Refer repairs to qualified service personnel.



Draining the Water Heater

ACAUTION: Shut off power to the water heater before draining water.

ADANGER: Before manually operating the relief valve, make certain no one will be exposed to the hot water released by the valve. The water drained from the tank may be hot enough to present a scald hazard and should be directed to a suitable drain to prevent injury or damage. In order to drain the water heater, turn off the cold water supply. Open a hot water faucet or lift the handle on the relief valve to admit air to the tank.

Attach a garden hose to the drain valve on the water heater and direct the stream of water to a drain. Open the valve.

ADANGER: Before manually operating the relief valve, make certain no one will be exposed to the danger of coming in contact with the hot water released by the valve. The water may be hot enough to create a scald hazard. The water should be released into a suitable drain to prevent injury or property damage.

NOTICE: If the

temperature and pressure relief valve on the hot water heater discharges periodically, this may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water system.

Contact the water supplier or your plumbing contractor on how to correct this. Do not plug the relief valve outlet. Properly maintained, your water heater will provide years of dependable troublefree service.

Routine Preventative Maintenance

It is suggested that a routine preventive maintenance program be established and followed by the user.

It is further recommended that a periodic inspection of the operating controls, heating element and wiring should be made by service personnel qualified in electric appliance repair.

Most electrical appliances, even when new, make some sound when in operation. If the hissing or singing sound level increases excessively, the electric heating element may require cleaning. Contact a qualified installer or plumbing contract to inspect.

At least once a year, lift and release the lever handle on the temperature pressure relief valve, located near the top of the water heater, to make certain the valve operates freely. Allow several gallons to flush through the discharge line to an open drain. A water heater's tank can act as a setting basin for solids suspended in the water.It is therefore not uncommon for hard water deposits to accumulate in the bottom of the tank. It is suggested that a few quarts of water be drained from the water heater's tank every month to clean the tank of these deposits.

Rapid closing of faucets or solenoid valves in automatic water using appliances can cause a banging noise heard in a water pipe. Strategically located risers in the water pipe system or water hammer arresting devices can be used to minimize the problem.

The anode rod should be removed from the water heater's tank annually for inspection and replaced when more than 6" of core wire is exposed at either end of the rod.

Make sure the cold water supply is turned off before removing anode rod.

NOTICE: Refer to the Hydrogen Gas Caution in the Operating Instructions.

Extended Shut-Down

If the water heater is to remain idle for an extended period of time, the power and water to the appliance should be turned off to conserve energy and prevent a build-up of dangerous hydrogen gas.

The water heater and piping should be drained if they might be subjected to freezing temperatures.

After a long shut-down period, the water heater's operation and controls should be checked by qualified service personnel. Make certain the water heater is completely filled again before placing it in operation.

Anode Rod

NOTICE: Do not remove the anode rod from the water heater's tank, except for inspection and/or replacement, as operation with the anode rod removed will greatly shorten the life of the glass lined tank and will exclude warranty coverage. This water heater is equipped with an anode rod designed to prolong the life of the glass lined tank. The anode rod is slowly consumed, thereby eliminating or minimizing corrosion of the glass lined tank. Water sometimes contains a high sulfate and/or mineral content and together with cathodic protection process can produce a hydrogen sulfide, or rotten egg odor in the heated water. Chlorination of the water supply should minimize the problem.

Before You Call For Service...



Troubleshooting Tips Save time and money! Review the chart on this page first and you may not need to call for service.

Problem	Possible Causes	What To Do
Rumbling noise	Water conditions in your home caused a build up of scale or mineral deposits on the heating elements.	• Remove and clean the heating elements.
Relief valve producing popping noise or draining	Pressure build up caused by thermal expansion in a closed system.	• This is an unacceptable condition and must be corrected. Contact the water supplier or plumbing contractor on how to correct this. Do not plug the relief valve outlet.
Rattling noise during periods of water usage	Internal heat trap fittings in operation.	• This is normal for heat trap fittings when in operation and does not indicate a need for service.
Not enough or no hot water	Water usage may have exceeded the capacity of the water heater.	• Wait for the water heater to recover after an abnormal demand.
	A fuse is blown or a circuit breaker tripped.	• Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.
	Electric supply may be off.	• Make sure electric supply to water heater and disconnect switch, if used, are in the ON position.
	The thermostat may be set set too low.	• See the Temperature regulation of the water heater sec- tion of this manual.
	Leaking or open hot water faucets.	Make sure all faucets are closed.
	Electric service to your home may be interrupted.	• Contact the local electric utility.
	Improper wiring.	• See the Installing the water heater section of this manual.
	Manual reset limit (ECO).	• See the Temperature regulation of the water heater sec- tion of this manual.
	Cold water inlet temperature may be colder during the winter months.	• This is normal. The colder inlet water takes longer to heat.
Water is too hot	The thermostat is set too high.	• See the Temperature regulation of the water heater sec- tion of this manual.
Cannot set above 140°F	Electronic control high temp configuration set to NO.	• See configuration menu section on programming the electronic control.

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Replacement Parts.

For 20–120 gallon models with single and double elements.

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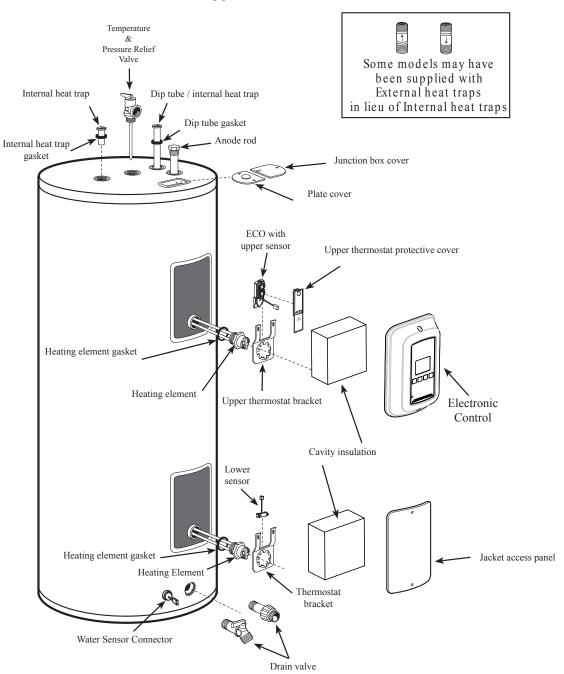
Instructions For Placing a Parts Order

Address parts orders to the distributor or store where the heater was purchased.

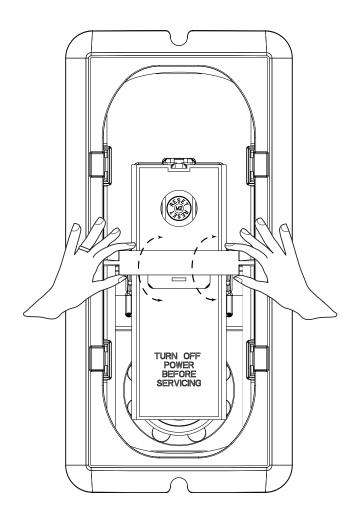
All parts orders should include:

- The model and serial number of the water heater from the rating plate.
- 2 Specify voltage and wattage as marked on the rating plate.
- **3** Part description (as noted below) and number of parts desired.

ACAUTION: For your safety DO NOT attempt repair of electrical wiring, thermostat(s), heating elements or other operating controls. Refer repairs to qualified service personnel.



The following instructions are intended for qualified service personnel ONLY, and should only be done when necessary.



In order to replace the thermostat or heating element, remove the cavity insert crossbar by following the instructions below:

- **1** Turn off the power to the water heater.
- 2 Remove the jacket access panel or electronic control and insulation.
- 3 Rotate the crossbar up and down until it breaks away from the remainder of the cavity insert. (See illustration to the left)

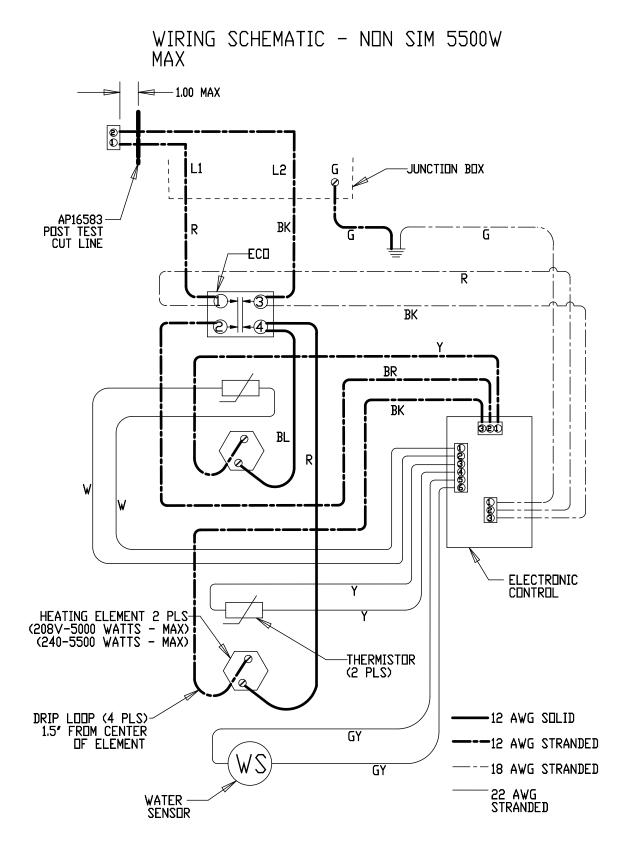
Discard the crossbar. It cannot and need not be replaced.

- 4 Replace the temperature sensor and/or element as necessary.
- 5 Replace the insulation and jacket access panel/ electronic control before turning on the power to the water heater.

NOTICE: The cavity insert crossbar is necessary for the manufacturing process only. The removal of the crossbar will not interfere with the operation of the water heater.

Wiring Diagram

This water heater is wired as indicated in the schematic below. Use only a 2 wire power feed with ground connection for this water heater.



Notes:

IF YOU NEED SERVICE



1. Should you have any questions about your new water heater, or if it requires adjustment, repair, or routine maintenance, it is suggested that you first contact your installer, plumbing contractor or previously agreed upon service agency. In the event the firm has moved, or is unavailable, refer to the telephone directory, commercial listings or local utility for qualified service assistance.

2. Should your problem not be solved to your complete satisfaction, you should then contact the Manufacturer's National Service Department at the following address:

1241 Carwood Court Montgomery, Alabama 36117 Phone: 1-866-279-4566.

When contacting the manufacturer, the following information will be requested:

- a. Model and serial number of the water heater as shown on the rating plate attached to the jacket of the heater.
- b. Address where the water heater is located and physical location.
- c. Name and address of installer and any service agency who performed service on the water heater.
- d. Date of original installation and dates any service work was performed.
- e. Details of the problems as you can best describe them.
- f. List of people, with dates, who have been contacted regarding your problem.