# Leak Buster<sup>TM</sup> Matrix 307<sup>TM</sup> Asphalt Primer

## Materials Safety Data Sheet

Updated: 12/08





### GAF Materials Corporation Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS # 1086

**MSDS Date: December 2008** 

#### **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION**

**PRODUCT NAME:** Leak Buster™ Matrix 307™ Asphalt Primer

TRADE NAME: N/A

CHEMICAL NAME / SYNONYM:

N/A

CHEMICAL FAMILY: N/A

MANUFACTURER: GAF Materials Corporation

ADDRESS: 1361 Alps Road, Wayne, NJ 07470

**24-HOUR EMERGENCY** 

**PHONE (CHEMTREC):** 800 – 424 – 9300

**INFORMATION ONLY:** 800 – 766 – 3411

**PREPARED BY:** Corporate EHS

APPROVED BY: Corporate EHS

#### **NFPA Hazard Rating**

#### **HMIS Hazard Rating**

| Health          | 2 | Health              | 2 |
|-----------------|---|---------------------|---|
| Flammable       | 2 | Flammable           | 2 |
| Reactive        | 0 | Reactive            | 0 |
| Special Hazards | - | Personal Protection | X |
| •               |   |                     |   |

OSHA HAZARDOUS: Yes X No

#### SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS**

| CHEMICAL NAME    | CAS#      | % (BY WT) | OSHA    | ACGIH   | OTHER                                   |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|---|
| Asphalt          | 8052-42-4 | 50 – 70   | NE      | 0.5 mg/m3<br>(inhalable fraction,<br>as benzene-soluble<br>aerosol) | 5 mg/m3 –<br>Ceiling (15 min.<br>fumes) |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 30 – 50   | 500 ppm | 100 ppm   | 350 mg/m3                               |

#### NE = Not Established

#### **SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

PRIMARY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE: Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Ingestion

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation and watering of the eyes. Prolonged or repeated

contact can cause blurred vision and corneal injury.

**SKIN:** Irritation of skin, redness and possible swelling. Prolonged or

repeated contact can cause dermatitis, defatting. Can be

absorbed through skin.

**INGESTION:** Choking difficulty in breathing, gastrointestinal irritation, nausea

and vomiting. Nervous system depression, which can include

drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination and fatigue.

**INHALATION:** Breathing difficulty, lightheadedness, headache, dizziness and

nausea. Irritation to the nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged inhalation may lead to mucous membrane irritation, central

nervous system depression, and unconsciousness.

**ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS:** Breathing difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea and irritation to

the respiratory tract. Causes eye and skin irritation. Irritation of

the digestive tract and nervous system depression.

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS: Ingredients in this product are reported to aggravate preexisting

eye, skin, respiratory, kidney and liver disorders. Prolonged and repeated overexposure may cause permanent brain and or nervous system damage. Can cause dermatitis. Sanding dust inhalation may cause lung damage. Intentional misuse through

inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has

determined that there is limited or inadequate evidence in humans

for the carcinogenicity of exposure to asphalt. Classified as a

Group 2B (Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans).

There is a trace amount of crystalline silica in this product. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and the National Toxicology Program (NTP) have determined that there is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite. In addition, IARC has determined that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of quartz and cristobalite in experimental animals.

Among individuals with silicosis, lung cancer occurs more

frequently in those who smoke.

**FIRST AID PROCEDURES** 

EYES: Flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek

immediate medical attention.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical SKIN:

attention.

Remove to fresh air. Administer oxygen if necessary. Seek immediate **INHALATION:** 

medical attention.

Do not induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. Obtain **INGESTION:** 

medical attention immediately.

**NOTES TO PHYSICIANS OR** 

Repeated/continuous exposure can cause chemical pneumonia. FIRST AID PROVIDERS:

liver/kidney damage. Large amounts may need immediate emergency treatment. Repeated/continuous exposure can aggrevate emphysema.

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry chemical, foam, water fog or CO2.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION** 

PRODUCTS:

Nitrogen oxides and carbon oxides.

RECOMMENDED FIRE FIGHTING

PROCEDURES:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant PPE. Water may be ineffective in extinguishing fire. Use selfcontained breathing apparatus. Do not use water stream on burning liquid. If water is used to cool containers near fire,

fog nozzles are preferred.

**UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION** 

**HAZARDS:** 

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat or fire. Material may splatter if exposed to extreme heat. Decomposition of burning material may cause toxic gases to form, which may include carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:** Avoid contact and breathing of vapors. Ventilate area. Remove

ignition sources. Dike and absorb with absorbent material. Use nonsparking tools to return material to container. Prevent material from entering sewers or open bodies of water.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

HANDLING AND STORAGE: Keep out of reach of children. Do not take internally. Avoid

> contact with eyes and prolonged contact with skin. When storing, close tightly, keep upright, away from fire and high temperatures. Transfer to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Avoid freefall and ground containers when transferring. Do not cut or weld empty drum. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly dry before reuse. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water after contact.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS:** None.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS /** Local exhaust preferable. If venting, discharge exhaust away from ignition sources. If in confined areas, use mechanical ventilation to **VENTILATION:** 

keep vapor concentration under permissible TLV and LEL.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use only with adequate ventilation. Provide adequate fresh air

entry. If not wear the proper respiratory protection. If ventilation is inadequate use an organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for spray/mist vapors. When sanding a dried coating film use a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA

for dust which may be generated.

Splash resistant and spray mist protection required. Use splash **EYE PROTECTION:** 

goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

SKIN PROTECTION: Solvent impermeable rubber gloves required during repeated

contact.

N/A **OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** 

**WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wear gloves and safety goggles to prevent irritations. Wash hands

with soap and water or waterless cleaner.

**EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:** N/A

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

| APPEARANCE & ODOR: | Dark colored liquid with solvent odor. |                        |        |  |
|--------------------|--|------------------------|--------|--|
| FLASH POINT:       | 106 °F                                 | LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: | 0.7%   |  |
| METHOD USED:       | TCC                                    | UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: | 6.0%   |  |
| EVAPORATION RATE:  | Slower than ether                      | BOILING POINT:         | 315 °F |  |

| pH (undiluted product):   | No data          | MELTING POINT:           | No data |
|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| SOLUBILITY IN WATER:      | Insoluble        | SPECIFIC GRAVITY:        | 0.9     |
| VAPOR DENSITY:            | Heavier than air | PERCENT VOLATILE:        | < 40%   |
| VAPOR PRESSURE:           | No data          | MOLECULAR WEIGHT:        | No data |
| VOC WITH WATER (LBS/GAL): | 2.68             | WITHOUT WATER (LBS/GAL): | 2.68    |

| <b>SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTI</b> | VITY  |                                       |  |  |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| THERMAL STABILITY:                      | STABLE X  | UNSTABLE                              |  |  |
| CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY):        | : Elevated temperatures and bu and open flame. Avoid free fal | uild up of vapors. Heat, sparks<br>I. |  |  |
| INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID):    | Oxidizers, acids and bases.                                   |                                       |  |  |
| HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR E PRODUCTS:  | Burning or decomposing film r or carbon monoxide.             | may give off carbon dioxide and       |  |  |
| HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:               | Will not occur.   |                                       |  |  |
|   |   |                                       |  |  |
| SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFOR         | RMATION   |                                       |  |  |
|   | LOGICAL No information available.                             |                                       |  |  |
|   |   |                                       |  |  |
| SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMA          | ATION   |                                       |  |  |
| ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:                 | lo information available.                                     |                                       |  |  |
|   |   |                                       |  |  |

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

This product, as supplied, is regulated as a hazardous waste by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations. If discarded in its purchased form, this product is a RCRA hazardous waste. It is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material

containing the product or residue of the product remains classified a hazardous waste as per 40 CFR 261, Subpart C. State or local regulations may also apply if they differ from the federal regulation.

RCRA HAZARD CLASS: D001, Ignitable Hazardous Waste

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

#### **U.S. DOT TRANSPORTATION**

**PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** Flammable Liquid N.O.S.

HAZARD CLASS: 3

ID NUMBER: UN 1993

PACKING GROUP: III

**LABEL STATEMENT:** Class 3 Flammable Liquid Label

OTHER: N/A

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

TSCA: This product and its components are listed on the TSCA 8(b)

inventory.

CERCLA: None

**SARA** 

**311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES:** Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard, Fire Hazard

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: None

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to

cause cancer and birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Cancer: crystalline silica (trace).

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements. The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

| Chemical Name | CAS#      | CA  | MA  | MN  | NJ  | PA  | RI  |
|---------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Asphalt       | 8052-42-4 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
|------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|                  |           |     |     |     |     |     |     |

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS: None

**DATE OF PREVIOUS MSDS:** February 2004

CHANGES SINCE PREVIOUS MSDS: Changed to the ANSI 16 section MSDS format.

This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used on combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability, or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information. Nothing herein shall be construed as a recommendation for uses which infringe valid patents or as extending a license of valid patents.