



Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Bondo® Glazing & Spot Putty 907, 907M, 907C, 907ES, 907W, 937, 937C

Product Identification Numbers

LB-K100-0429-0, LB-K100-0573-9, 41-0003-6673-6, 41-0003-6691-8, 41-0003-7944-0, 41-3701-1523-4, 60-4550-4814-4, 60-4550-4997-7, 60-4550-5594-1, 60-4550-5598-2, 60-4550-5816-8, 60-4550-6591-6, 60-4550-6806-8, 60-4550-6908-2, 60-4550-9180-5, 60-4551-0055-6, 60-4551-0085-3, 70-0080-0035-1, 70-0080-0080-7, 70-0080-0081-5, 70-0080-0083-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive, Filler for automotive imperfections and scratches

1.3. Supplier's details

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| MANUFACTURER: | 3M |
| DIVISION: | Automotive Aftermarket |
| ADDRESS: | 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA |
| Telephone: | 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577) |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs:

sensory organs |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system |

respiratory system |

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

sensory organs |

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

3% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

3% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

3% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|---------------------------|---------------|---|
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 546-93-0 | 10 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 7 - 13 Trade Secret * |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | 108-65-6 | 3 - 7 Trade Secret * |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | 3 - 7 Trade Secret * |
| Nitrocellulose | 9004-70-0 | 3 - 7 Trade Secret * |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Iron Oxide | 1332-37-2 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 67-63-0 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Alkyd Resin | Trade Secret* | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.3940375 - 3.1926375 Trade Secret * |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | 1318-59-8 | < 3 Trade Secret * |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | 0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret * |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret * |

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use

only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|---------------------------|------------|--------|---|--------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | OSHA | TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm;STEL:75 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin. |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | OSHA | TWA:410 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | 108-65-6 | AIHA | TWA:50 ppm | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | OSHA | TWA:240 mg/m3(50 ppm) | SKIN |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | OSHA | TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| DUST, INERT OR NUISANCE | 14807-96-6 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(as total dust):50 millions of particles/cu. ft.(15 mg/m3);TWA(respirable fraction):15 millions of particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m3);TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | ACGIH | TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3 | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | OSHA | TWA:2 mg/m3 | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 546-93-0 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 67-63-0 | ACGIH | TWA:200 ppm;STEL:400 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 67-63-0 | OSHA | TWA:980 mg/m3(400 ppm) | |

| | | | | |
|-------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | ACGIH | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | OSHA | TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | ACGIH | TWA:5 mg/m3 | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | OSHA | TWA:5 mg/m3 | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber Fluoroelastomer

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| General Physical Form: | Liquid |
| Specific Physical Form: | Paste |
| Odor, Color, Grade: | Solvent Odor, Red Smooth Paste |
| Odor threshold | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| pH | <i>Not Applicable</i> |
| Melting point | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Boiling Point | 132 °F |

| | |
|---|--|
| Flash Point | 63 °F [<i>Test Method</i> :Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Applicable |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | 1.00 % |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | 13.00 % |
| Vapor Pressure | <=27 psia [@ 131 °F] [<i>Details</i> :MITS data] |
| Vapor Density | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Density | 13.047 lb/gal |
| Density | 1.56 g/ml |
| Specific Gravity | 1.56 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] |
| Solubility in Water | Nil |
| Solubility- non-water | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Autoignition temperature | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Decomposition temperature | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Viscosity | 33,000 - 450,000 centipoise |
| Hazardous Air Pollutants | 0.27 lb HAPS/lb solids [<i>Test Method</i> :Calculated] |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 444 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 28.3 % weight [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated per CARB title 2] |
| Percent volatile | 32.7 % weight [<i>Test Method</i> :Estimated] |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents | 444 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Carbon monoxide | Not Specified |
| Carbon dioxide | Not Specified |
| Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate | Not Specified |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be

present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Generic: CAS NO S14807966D | 14807-96-6 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Talc | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Talc | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Ingestion | Mouse | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Xylene | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg |
| Xylene | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 29 mg/l |
| Xylene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,523 mg/kg |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | Guinea pig | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Guinea pig | LC50 > 2.6 mg/l |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | Guinea pig | LD50 1,414 mg/kg |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 28.8 mg/l |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 8,532 mg/kg |
| Nitrocellulose | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Nitrocellulose | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Acetone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg |
| Acetone | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 76 mg/l |
| Acetone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,800 mg/kg |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 16,000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 >8.2,<16.4 mg/l |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,038 mg/kg |
| Ethylbenzene | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 15,433 mg/kg |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 17.4 mg/l |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,769 mg/kg |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 12,870 mg/kg |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 72.6 mg/l |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,710 mg/kg |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Iron Oxide | Dermal | Not available | LD50 3,100 mg/kg |
| Iron Oxide | Ingestion | Not available | LD50 3,700 mg/kg |
| Limestone | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Limestone | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 3 mg/l |
| Limestone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,450 mg/kg |

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------------------|
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 15.7 mg/l |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,300 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Talc | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Magnesium Carbonate | In vitro data | Minimal irritation |
| Xylene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Rabbit | Irritant |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Nitrocellulose | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Acetone | Mouse | Minimal irritation |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Multiple animal species | No significant irritation |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Iron Oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Limestone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Talc | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Xylene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Nitrocellulose | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Acetone | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Iron Oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Limestone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------------|------------|----------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Guinea pig | Not classified |

| | | |
|------------------------|------------|----------------|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Ethylbenzene | Human | Not classified |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Iron Oxide | Human | Not classified |

Respiratory Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|------|---------|----------------|
| Talc | Human | Not classified |

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|---------------------------|----------|--|
| Talc | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Talc | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Xylene | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Xylene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Acetone | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Acetone | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Iron Oxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Talc | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Xylene | Dermal | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| Xylene | Ingestion | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Xylene | Inhalation | Human | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Acetone | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Iron Oxide | Inhalation | Human | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---------------------------|------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Talc | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg | during organogenesis |
| Xylene | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Xylene | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL Not available | during organogenesis |
| Xylene | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | during gestation |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,760 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.48 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 21.6 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Acetone | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 8.2 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 8.2 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL 12.3 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l | prematuring & during gestation |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | LOAEL 9 mg/l | during gestation |
| Limestone | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL Not available | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL Not available | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day | during gestation |

Lactation

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|
| Xylene | Ingestion | Mouse | Not classified for effects on or via lactation |

Target Organ(s)**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Xylene | Inhalation | auditory system | Causes damage to organs | Rat | LOAEL 6.3 mg/l | 8 hours |
| Xylene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Inhalation | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.5 mg/l | not available |
| Xylene | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 250 mg/kg | not applicable |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | endocrine system | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL 902 mg/kg | 6 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | liver | Not classified | Rabbit | LOAEL 72 mg/kg | not available |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rabbit | LOAEL 451 mg/kg | 6 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | blood | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | blood | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | blood | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 hours |
| Acetone | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Ingestion | central nervous | May cause drowsiness or | Human | NOAEL Not | poisoning |

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| | | system depression | dizziness | | available | and/or abuse |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | LOAEL 0.1 mg/l | 2 hours |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | Human | NOAEL 0.9 mg/l | 7 minutes |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | vascular system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Rat | LOAEL 900 mg/kg | not applicable |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | auditory system | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 13.4 mg/l | 24 hours |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Limestone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.812 mg/l | 90 minutes |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--------|------------|---|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Talc | Inhalation | pneumoconiosis | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Talc | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 18 mg/m3 | 113 weeks |
| Xylene | Inhalation | nervous system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0.4 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| Xylene | Inhalation | auditory system | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 7.8 mg/l | 5 days |
| Xylene | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Inhalation | heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.5 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Xylene | Ingestion | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day | 2 weeks |
| Xylene | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Xylene | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 103 weeks |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| | | system nervous system respiratory system | | | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | blood | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal | endocrine system | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | 14 weeks |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.15 mg/l | 14 weeks |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | blood | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 0.15 mg/l | 6 months |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Dog | LOAEL 1.9 mg/l | 8 days |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | blood | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 69 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 16.2 mg/l | 9 days |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Inhalation | olfactory system | Not classified | Mouse | LOAEL 1.62 mg/l | 9 days |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Inhalation | blood | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 16.2 mg/l | 9 days |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propylacetate | Ingestion | endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 44 days |
| Acetone | Dermal | eyes | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | 3 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 3 mg/l | 6 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 days |
| Acetone | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 119 mg/l | not available |
| Acetone | Inhalation | heart liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 45 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day | 14 days |
| Acetone | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.41 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.8 mg/l | 2 weeks |

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|---|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.4 mg/l | 90 days |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.1 mg/l | 14 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | endocrine system hematopoietic system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.41 mg/l | 90 days |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.41 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Ingestion | heart immune system muscles nervous system respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,040 mg/kg/day | 120 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.4 mg/l | 28 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | 5 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.2 mg/l | 90 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | heart immune system respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day | 6 months |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 12.3 mg/l | 24 months |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 12 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 12 weeks |
| Iron Oxide | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis pneumoconiosis | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Limestone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|------------------------|--|
| Xylene | Aspiration hazard |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Ethylbenzene | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**Physical Hazards**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No | % by Wt |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol (GLYCOL ETHERS) | 111-76-2 | 3 - 7 |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | Trade Secret 1 - 5 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Trade Secret 0.3940375 - 3.1926375 |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | Trade Secret 7 - 13 |
| Xylene (Benzene, dimethyl-) | 1330-20-7 | 7 - 13 |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | Trade Secret 0.5 - 1.5 |

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Listing |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Carcinogen |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | Carcinogen |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | Developmental Toxin |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | Female reproductive toxin |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | Male reproductive toxin |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | Developmental Toxin |

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 **Flammability:** 3 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

| | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
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