



H O M E F U N

**Design your own personal retreat.
Our furniture makes for a perfect
start and a perfect end to the day.**

Use & Care Manual

Upholstery

Rotate cushions and pillows weekly to distribute wear. Vacuum upholstery weekly using the upholstery attachment and crevice tool of your vacuum to remove loose particles. Periodic cleaning by a professional upholstery cleaning service is the only recommended cleaning method for your upholstery, including furniture base beneath slipcovers. Annual cleaning is suggested, but this may vary depending on use. To prevent possible "bleeding" of ink onto fabric, do not leave newspapers or other printed materials lying on upholstery. Take special care when spraying household chemicals and commercial products near upholstery. Avoid placing your furniture in direct sunlight. All fabric and leather will fade over time. Applying noncommercial scented fabric fresheners, neutralizers and fabric protectors is never recommended.

Spills and Spot Cleaning

In some cases, spot cleaning can cause a ring or fading. It is best to have the entire piece or cushion casing cleaned by a professional upholstery cleaning service to ensure uniform results. *If you decide to spot clean on your own, check the standard cleaning code (below) to determine the correct type of product to use.*

Slipcovers

Brush or vacuum at least once a month. Rotate cushions and pillows regularly. Protect from direct sunlight, which may cause fabric to fade unevenly. Immediately blot spills with a clean white cloth. Seat and back cushions should be reversed and/or rotated regularly.

Dry Clean-Only Slipcovers

Use a reputable dry cleaner or professional upholstery cleaner. Always dry clean the entire slip cover for uniform results. Close all zippers and fabric tab fasteners prior to cleaning. As with clothing, some fading is to be expected.

Machine-Washable Slipcovers

Use a triple-load washer or divide slipcovers into manageable loads. Always wash the entire slipcover for uniform results. Close all zippers and fabric tab fasteners prior to washing. Wash in cold water with mild detergent. Tumble dry on low until slightly damp; remove promptly to reduce wrinkling. Do not line-dry slipcovers as this may stretch the fabric. As with clothing, some fading is to be expected.

Leather

Clean periodically with a dry cloth to remove residual dust and prevent dirt build up. Leather furniture should be protected from exposure to sunlight and heat, which may cause the leather to fade or lose its soft, supple feel.

Spots, Spills and Stains

Most liquids will initially be repelled by the leather but if left standing over an extended period of time, will be absorbed. Blot liquid immediately with a clean, absorbent cloth. Butter, oil or grease spills should be wiped with a clean, dry cloth. Spot should dissipate into the leather in a short period of time.

For stubborn stains and spills, use a cloth lightly dampened with Warm water to blot the stain and remove it. If this does not work, mix mild soap with water, then blot to release the stain and blot again with a dry cloth (avoid scrubbing). Do not use harsh cleaners or solvents, as they can abrade the finish or topcoat off the leather.

For additional leather care, please contact a leather cleaning professional.