

This Article Information Sheet (AIS) provides relevant battery information to retailers, consumers, OEMs and others users requesting a GHS-compliant SDS. Articles, such as batteries, are exempt from GHS SDS classification criteria. The GHS criteria is not designed or intended to be used to classify the physical, health and environmental hazards of an article. Branded consumer batteries are defined as electro-technical devices. The design, safety, manufacture, and qualification of branded consumer batteries follow ANSI and IEC battery standards. This document is based on principles set forth in the following hazard communication approaches: ANSI Z-400.1, GHS, JAMP AIS, and IEC 62474.

1. Document Information				
Document Name	Duracell Alkaline Batte	eries (Major and Specialty	Cells)	
Document ID	AIS-ALK			
Issue Date	1-May-15			
Version	1			
Preparer	Global Product Stewar	dship		
Last Revision	New			
Information Contact	moquet.l@pg.com			
2. Company Information	4 FB			
Name & Address	P&G Duracell Global B	usiness Unit, 14 Research D	rive Rethel CTIISA	06801
Telephone	(203) 796- 4430	domeso omit, 14 Nescuren E	rive, betilel, et osit	00001
Website	www.duracell. com			
Consumer Relations		551-2355 (9:00 AM - 5:00 F	PM FST)	
3. Article Information		331 2333 (3.007 3.007.	20.7	
Description	Duracell branded cons	umar alkalina hattary		
Product Category	Electro-technical device	· ·		
Use	Portable power source	-		
Global sub-brands (Retail)		tum, Simply, Turbo, Ultra,	Rasic TurhoMax	
Global sub-brands (B2B)	Procell, Industrial, OEN		busic, rui boiviax	
Sizes	Major Cells: AA,AAA, (
Sizes			75. PX76 (LR44). PX2	8. PX625. (LR09).
0.200		<u>Specialty Cells</u> : AAAA, MN11. MN21, MN27, MN175, PX76 (LR44), PX28, PX625, (LR09), LR43, LR54, N, J, 4.5V, 625A		
Sizes	Lanterns: MN903, MN	908, MN915, MN918; MN	1203	
Principles of Operation	A battery powers a device by converting stored chemical energy into electrical energy.			
Representative Product Images	DURACELL	Outacett Outacett Outacett Outacett	DURACELL	
	Maior Cells	Maior Cells	Lantern	Specialty
4. Article Construction				
Applicable Battery Industry	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, A	NSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C1	8.4, IEC 60086,1, IEC	60086-2, IEC
Standards	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086,1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5			
Electro-technical System	Alkaline Manganese Dioxide			
Electrode - Negative	Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6)			
Electrode - Positive		Manganese Dioxide (CAS # 1313-13-9)		
Electrolyte	Alkali Metal Hydroxide (aqueous potassium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-58-3)			
Materials of Construction - Can	Nickel Plated Steel			
Declarable Substances	None			
(IEC 62474 Criteria 1)				
Mercury Free Battery	Yes			
(ANSI C18.4M <5ppm)				
Small Cell or Battery	Sizes: AAA and Specialty Cells fit inside a specially designed test cylinder 2.25 inches			
(ANSI C18.1M Part 2; IEC 60086-5)	(57.1mm) long by 1.25 inches (31.70 mm) wide.			
5. Health & Safety	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2. (2. 2)		
J. Health & Julety				



Ingestion/Small Parts Warning	Required for Small Cell or Battery (Sizes: AAA and Specialty Cells): Keep away from	
	children. If swallowed, consult a physician immediately.	
Normal Conditions of Use	Exposure to contents inside the sealed battery will not occur unless the battery leaks, is exposed to high temperatures, or is mechanically abused.	
Note to Physician	A damaged battery will release concentrated and caustic potassium hydroxide.	
First Aid - If swallowed	Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. USA CALLS ONLY - CALL 24 HOUR NATIONAL BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE: (202) 625-3333 - COLLECT.	
First Aid - Eye Contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical care if irritation persists.	
First Aid - Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Seek medical care if irritation persists.	
First Aid - Inhalation	Remove to fresh air.	
Battery Safety Standards & Testing	Duracell batteries meet the requirements of ANSI C18. 1M Part 2 and IEC 60086-5. These standards specify tests and requirements for alkaline batteries to ensure safe operation under normal use and reasonably foreseeable misuse. The test regimes assess three conditions of safety. These are: 1-Intended use simulation: Partial use, vibration, thermal shock, and mechanical shock 2-Reasonably foreseeable misuse: Incorrect installation, external short-circuit, free fall (user-drop), over-discharge, and crush 3-Design consideration: Thermal abuse, mold stress	
Precautionary Statements	CAUTION: Batteries may explode or leak, and cause burn injury, if recharged, disposed of in fire, mixed with a different battery type, inserted backwards or disassembled. Replace all used batteries at the same time. Do not carry batteries loose in your pocket or purse. Do not remove the battery label. Keep small batteries (i.e., AAA) away from children. If swallowed, consult a physician at once.	
6. Fire Hazard & Firefighting		
Fire Hazard	Batteries may rupture or leak if involved in a fire.	
Extinguishing Media	Use any extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding area.	
Fires Involving Large Quantities of Batteries	Large quantities of batteries involved in a fire will rupture and release caustic potassium hydroxide. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.	
7. Handling & Storage		
Handling Precautions	Avoid mechanical and electrical abuse. Do not short circuit or install incorrectly. Batteries may rupture or vent if disassembled, crushed, recharged or exposed to high temperatures. Install batteries in accordance with equipment instructions.	
Storage Precautions	Store batteries in a dry place at normal room temperature. Refrigeration does not make them last longer.	
Spills of Large Quantities of Loose Batteries (unpackaged)	Notify spill personnel of large spills. Irritating and flammable vapors may be released from leaking or ruptured batteries. Spread batteries apart to stop shorting. Eliminate all ignition sources. Evacuate area and allow vapors to dissipate. Clean-up personnel should wear appropriate PPE to avoid eye and skin contact and inhalation of vapors or fumes. Increase ventilation. Carefully collect batteries and place in appropriate container for disposal. Remove any spilled liquid with absorbent material and contain for disposal.	
8. Disposal Considerations (GHS Sec	tion 13)	
Collection & Proper Disposal	Dispose of used (or excess) batteries in compliance with federal, state/provincial and local regulations. Do not accumulate large quantities of used batteries for disposal as accumulations could cause batteries to short-circuit. Do not incinerate. In countries, such as Canada and the EU, where there are regulations for the collection and recycling of batteries, consumers should dispose of their used batteries into the collection network at municipal depots and retailers. They should not dispose of batteries with household trash.	



LICA EDA DCDA (40 CED 261)			
USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.		
California Universal Waste Rule (Cal. Code Regs. Title 22, Div. 4.5, Ch. 23)	California prohibits disposal of batteries as trash (including household trash).		
9. Transport Information (GHS Section	14)		
Regulatory Status	Not regulated. Alkaline batteries (sometimes referred to as "Dry Cell" or "household" batteries) are not listed or regulated as dangerous goods under IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, ICAO Technical Instructions, IMDG Code, UN Model Regulations, U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR), and UNECE ADR.		
UN Identification Number/ Shipping Name	None - Not Required		
Special Provision (SP) Conformance	Special regulatory provisions require batteries to be packaged in a manner that prevents the generation of a dangerous quantity of heat and short circuits. Shippers can prepare batteries by taping the terminals, individually packaging batteries, or otherwise segregating the batteries to prevent risk of creating a short circuit. Batteries shipped in original unopened Duracell packaging is compliant.		
US DOT SP	49 CFR 172.102 Special Provision 130		
Air Transport (IATA/ICAO) SP	Special Provision A123 (56th Edition - 2015). NOTE: The words "NOT RESTRICTED" and "SPECIAL PROVISION A123" must be included on the description of the substance on the Air Waybill, when air way-bill is issued.		
Passenger Air Travel	No restrictions		
Emergency Transportation Hotline	CHEMTREC 24-Hour Emergency Response Hotline Within the United States call +703-527-3887 Outside the United States, call +1 703-527-3887 (Collect)		
10. Regulatory Information (GHS Sect	ion 15)		
10a. Battery Requirements			
Tour Duttery Requirements			
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996	During the manufacturing process, no mercury is added.		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management	During the manufacturing process, no mercury is added. Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996			
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314) USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500)	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators Exempt Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product.		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314) USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500) USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR 707.20)	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators Exempt Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product. For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article".		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314) USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500) USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators Exempt Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product.		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314) USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500) USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR 707.20)	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%) and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators Exempt Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product. For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article". Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314) USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500) USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR 707.20) USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators Exempt Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product. For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article". Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.		
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996 EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU 10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314) USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500) USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR 707.20) USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261) California Prop 65 CANADA Products Containing	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%) and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators Exempt Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product. For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article". Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal. No warning required per 3rd party assessment.		



10c. Regulatory Definitions - Articles			
USA OSHA	29 CFR 1910.1200(b)(6)(v)		
USA TSCA	40 CFR 704.3; 710.2(3)(c); and [19 CFR 12.1209a)]		
EU REACH	Title 1 - Chapter 2 - Article 3(3)		
GHS	Section 1.3.2.1		
11. Other Information			
11a. Certification & 3rd Party Approva	als		
UL (UTGT2.S50939 Single Multiple	AA, 9V		
Station Smoke Alarms - Component)	Certification Standard: ANSI/UL 217 Single & Multiple Station Smoke Alarms		
11b. AIS Hazard Communication Appr	oaches (consulted in developing this document):		
Globally Harmonized System (GHS)	GHS SDS requirements and classification criteria do not apply to articles or products (such as batteries) that have a fixed shape, which are not intended to release a chemical. The article exemption is found in Section 1.3.2.1.1 of the GHS and reads: <i>The GHS applies to pure substances and their dilute solutions and to mixtures. "Articles" as defined by the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1900.1200) of the OSHA of the USA, or by similar definition, are outside the scope of the system."</i>		
Joint Article Management Promotion Consortium JAMP	JAMP is a Japanese Industry Association who developed the concept of an Article Information Sheet as a supply chain tool to share and communicate chemical information in articles. The AIS authoring process is based on "declarable" substances to meet global regulatory requirements as well as substances to be reported by GADSL, JIG, etc.		
IEC 62474 Ed. 1.0 B:2012 Material Declaration for Products of and for the Electro-technical Industry	An international standard that came into effect in March 2012 concerning declaration for electrical and electronic products. IEC 6274 replaces the defunct Joint Industry Guide – Material Declaration for Electro-technical Products (JIG-101-Ed 4.1 (May 21, 2012)		
Environmental Standardization for	The general principle for a substance to be included in the database as a declarable substance is: 1) existing national laws or regulations in an IEC member country that are relevant to Electro-technical products and that prohibit or restrict substances, or that have a labeling, communication, reporting or notification requirement, and 2) applying IEC 62474 criteria results in identification of declarable substance.		
ANSI Z 400.1/Z19.1 (2010)	2.1 Scope: Applies to preparation of SDSs for hazardous chemicals used under occupational conditions. Does not address how the standard may be applied to articles. It presents basic information on how to develop and write a SDS. Additional information is provided to help comply with state and federal environmental and safety laws and regulations. Elements of the standard may be acceptable for International use.		
DISCLAIMER: This AIS is intended to p	rovide a brief summary of our knowledge and guidance regarding the use of this		

DISCLAIMER: This AIS is intended to provide a brief summary of our knowledge and guidance regarding the use of this material. The information contained here has been compiled from sources considered by Procter & Gamble to be dependable and is accurate to the best of the Company's knowledge. It is not meant to be an all-inclusive document on worldwide hazard communication regulations. This information is offered in good faith. Each user of this material needs to evaluate the conditions of use and design the appropriate protective mechanisms to prevent employee exposures, property damage or release to the environment. Procter & Gamble assumes no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons or for any damage to any property resulting from misuse of the product.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lithium-ion Battery

Model: ICR18650- 2200mAh 3.7V

Prepared by	Approved by
Lingling Chen	Luisa Wang
Date: Jul.14, 2017 Date:	Jul.15,2017

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1-Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Identification

Lithium-Ion Polymer battery

Cell model:18650-2200mAh

Norminal Voltage : 3.7 V Weight: :45g Power: :8.14Wh

Period : Jul.14, 2017 To Dec.31, 2017

Manufacturer

Shenzhen Pow-tech New Power Co., Ltd.

ADD:Room1204, Tower 3, Zhuoyue Meilin central square, Zhongkang Road, Shangmeilin area, Futian Distr

ict, ,Shenzhen,China

Tel: (+86)755-82721259, Fax: (+86)755-82721250

E-mail : <u>luisa-wang@szpowtech.com.cn</u>



Section 2-Hazards Identification

Preparation	Not dangerous with normal use. Do not dismantle, open or shred Li-ion Battery.
hazards and classification	Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their ingredients products could be harmful.
Appearance, Color, and Odor	Solid object with no odor, no color.
Primary	These chemicals are contained in a sealed stainless steel enclosure. Risk of exposure occurs
Route(s) of	only if the cell is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused to the point of
Exposure	compromising the enclosure. If this occurs, exposure to the electrolyte solution contained within can occur by Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye contact and Skin contact.
Potential	ACUTE (short term): see Section 8 for exposure controls In the event that this battery has
Health Effects:	been ruptured, the electrolyte solution contained within the battery would be corrosive and can cause burns. Inhalation: Inhalation of materials from a sealed battery is not an expected route of exposure. Vapors or mists from a ruptured battery may cause respiratory irritation. Ingestion: Swallowing of materials from a sealed battery is not an expected route of exposure. Swallowing the contents of an open battery can cause serious chemical burns of mouth, esophagus, and gastrointestinal tract. Skin: Contact between the battery and skin will not cause any harm. Skin contact with contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation or burns to the skin. Eye: Contact between the battery and the eye will not cause any harm. Eye contact with contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation or burns to the eye. CHRONIC (long term): see Section 11 for additional toxicological data
Medical	Not applicable
Conditions	That applicable
Aggravated	
by	
Exposure	
Reported as carcinogen	Not applicable



Section 3-Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Composition		Chemical Formula	CAS No:	Weight(%)
化学名称		分子式	CAS 号:	百分含量(%)
Nickel col	oalt manganese		182442-95-1	
三元(镍钴钴	孟) Cobalt lithium			47
mangane	se nickel oxide;	Co.Li.Mn.Ni.O		
G	raphite 石墨	С	7782-42-5	20. 2
	碳酸乙烯酯(EC)	C3H4O3	96-49-1	3. 35
Organic	碳酸甲乙酯 (EMC)	C4H8O3	623-53-0	0. 785
Electrolyte 有机电解	碳酸二乙酯 (DEC)	C5H10O3	105-58-8	5. 23
液	碳酸丙烯酯(PC)	C4H6O3	108-32-7	1. 785
	六氟磷酸锂 (LiPF6)	F6LiP	21324-40-3	1. 35
1	propylene 聚丙烯	C₃H ₆	9003-07-0	1.2
(Copper 铜	Cu	7440-50-8	7. 7
Al	uminum 铝	Al	7429-90-5	4.6
	Nickel 镍	Ni	7440-02-0	6.8



Section 4-First-aid Measures

Section 4-First-aid Measures

Inhalation	If contents of an opened battery are inhaled, remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. Obtain medical advice.
Skin contact	If skin contact with contents of an open battery occurs, as quickly as possible remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Immediately flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 30 minutes. If irritation or pain persists, seek medical attention. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Eye contact	If eye contact with contents of an open battery occurs, immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 30 minutes while holding the eyelids open. Neutral saline solution may be used as soon as it is available. If necessary, continue flushing during transport to emergency care facility. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto face. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.
Ingestion	If ingestion of contents of an open battery occurs, never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 60 to 240 mL (2-8 oz.) of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Have victim rinse mouth with water again. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.

Section 5-Fire Fighting Measures			
Flammable	In the event that this battery has been ruptured, the electrolyte solution contain within the		
Properties	battery would be flammable. Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when		
	exposed to excessive heat; this could result in the release of flammable or corrosive		
	materials.		
Suitable	Use extinguishing media suitable for the materials that are burning.		
extinguishing			
Media			
Unsuitable	Not available		
extinguishing			
Media			



Explosion	Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: This may result in rupture in extreme cases
Data	Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not Applicable
Specific	Fires involving Li-ion Battery can be controlled with water. When water is used, however,
Hazards	hydrogen gas may evolve. In a confined space, hydrogen gas can form an explosive mixture.
arising from	In this situation, smothering agents are recommended to extinguish the fire
the chemical	
Protective	As for any fire, evacuate the area and fight the fire from a safe distance. Wear a
Equipment	pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.
and	Fight fire from a protected location or a safe distance. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved
precautions	full-face self-contained breathing apparatus(SCBA) with full protective gear.
for firefighters	
NFPA	Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

Section 6-Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures	Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Do not touch t he spilled material. Wear adequate personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent material from contaminating soil and from entering sewers or waterways.
Methods and materials for Containment	Stop the leak if safe to do so. Contain the spilled liquid with dry sand or earth. Clean up spills immediately.
Methods and materials for cleaning up	Absorb spilled material with an inert absorbent (dry sand or earth). Scoop contaminated absorbent into an acceptable waste container. Collect all contaminated absorbent and dispose of according to directions in Section 13. Scrub the area with detergent and water; collect all contaminated wash water for proper disposal.

Section 7-Handling and Storage



Handling	Don't handling Li-ion Battery with metalwork. Do not
	open, dissemble, crush or burn battery.
	Ensure good ventilation/ exhaustion at the workplace.
	Prevent formation of dust. Information about
	protection against explosions and fires: Keep ignition
	sources away- Do not smoke.
Storage	If the Li-ion Battery are subject to storage for such a
	long term as more than 3 months, it is recommended
	to recharge the Li-ion Battery periodically.
	3 months: $-10 ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, 45 to 85%RH And
	recommended at 0°C~+35°C for long period storage.
	The capacity recovery rate in the delivery state (50%
	capacity of fully charged) after storage is assumed to
	be 80% or more. The voltage for a long time storage
	shall be 3.7V~4.2V range.
	Do not storage Li-ion Battery haphazardly in a box or
	drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be
	short-circuited by other metal objects.
	Keep out of reach of children.
	Do not expose Li-ion Battery to heat or fire.
	Avoid storage in direct sunlight.
	Do not store together with oxidizing and acidic
	materials.

Section 8-Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering
	controls to control sources of dust, mist, fumes and
	vapor. Keep away from heat and open flame. Store in
	a cool, dry place.
Personal Protective Equipment	Respiratory Protection: Not necessary under
	normal conditions.
	Skin and body Protection: Not necessary under
	normal conditions, Wear neoprene or nitrile rubber
	gloves if handling an open or leaking battery.
	Hand protection: Wear neoprene or natural rubber

Page 7 of 12



	material gloves if handling an open or leaking
	battery.
	Eye Protection: Not necessary under normal
	conditions, Wear safety glasses if handling an open or
	leaking battery.
Other Protective Equipment	Have a safety shower and eye wash fountain readily
	available in the immediate work area.
Hygiene Measures	Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area.
	Maintain good housekeeping.

Section 9-Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical	Form: Solid	
State	Color: White	
	Odour: Monotony	
Change in condi	tion:	
pH, with indicat	ion of the concentration	Not applicable
Melting point/fre	eezing point	Not available.
Boiling Point, in range:	nitial boiling point and Boiling	Not available.
Flash Point		Not available.
Upper/lower flan	mmability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapor Pressure:		Not applicable
Vapor Density: ((Air = 1)	Not applicable
Density/relative	desity	Not available.
Solubility in Wa	ter:	Insoluble
n-octanol/water	partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition te	mperature	130℃
Decomposition	temperature	Not available.
Odout threshold		Not available.



File No.ICR18650- 2200mAh--2017

Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (soil, gas)	Not available.
Viscosity	Not applicable

Section 10- Stability and Reactivity

Stability	The product is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid (e.g. static discharge, shockor vibration)	Do not subject Li-ion Batteryto mechanical shock. Vibration encoutered during transportation does not cause leakage, fire or explosion. Do not disassemble, crush, short or install with incorrect polarity. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse.
Incompatible Materials	Not Available
Hazardous Decomposition Products	This material may release toxic fumes if burned or exposed to fire
Possibility of Hazardous Reaction	Not Available

Section 11-T	Coxicological Information
Irritation	Risk of irritation occurs only if the cell is
	mechanically, thermally or electrically abused to the
	point of compromising the enclosure. If this occurs,
	irritation to the skin, eyes and respiratory tract may
	occur.
Sensitization	Not Available
Neurological Effects	Not Available
Teratoaenicity	Not Available
Reproductive Toxicity	Not Available
Mutagenicity (Genetic Effects)	Not Available



File No.ICR18650- 2200mAh--2017

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials	Not Available	
	l l	ı

Section 12-Ecological Information

General note:	Water hazard class 1(Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water. Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or
Anticipated behavior of a chemical product in environment/possible environmental impace/ecotoxicity	Not Available
Mobility in soil	Not Available
Persistence and Degradability	Not Available
Bioaccumulation potential	Not Available
Other Adverse Effects	Not Available

Section 13-Disposal Considerations

Product disposal recommendation: Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations. Packaging disposal recommendation: Be aware discarded batteries may cause fire, tape the battery terminals to insulate them. Don't disassembly the battery. Completely discharge containers (no tear drops, no powder rest, scraped carefully). Containers may be recycled or re-used. Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations.

The potential effects on the environment and human health of the substances used in batteries and accumulations; the desirability of not disposing of waste batteries and accumulators as unsorted municipal waste and of participating in their separate collection so as to facilitate treatment and recycling.

Section 14-Transport Information

This report applies to by sea, by air and by land;

The Li-ion Battery tested according to the requirements of the 6th revised edition of the UN manual of tests and Criteria, Part III, subsection 38.3;

Lithium ion battery was protected so as to prevent short circuits. This includes protection against contact with conductive materials within the same packaging that could lead to short circuit;

Page 10 of 12



File No.ICR18650- 2200mAh--2017

The LITHIUM ION BATTERY according to Section II/IA/IB of PACKING INSTRUCTION 965/966/967 of the 2017 IATA Dangerous Goods regulations 58th Edition may be transported and applicable U.S.DOT regulations for the safe transport of Li-ion Battery.

More information concerning shipping, testing, marking and packaging can be obtained from label master at http://www.labelmaster.com/.

The packaging shall be adequate to avoid mechanical damage during transport, handling and stacking. The materials and pack design shall be chosen so as to prevent the development of unintentional electrical conduction, corrosion of the terminals and ingress of moisture.

The package must be handled with care and that a flammability hazard exists if the package is damaged; Each package must be labeled with a Li-ion Battery handling label or in addition to the Class 9 hazard label. With regard to transport, the following regulations are cited and considered:

- The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Technical Instructions.
- The International Air transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations. UN number of lithium battery: UN3480 or UN3481;

UN Proper shipping name/Description (technical name): Lithium ion batteries or Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment or Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment;

UN Classification (Transport hazard class): Non dangerous;

Marine pollutant (Y/N): N;

- The International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code.

For lithium-ion batteries by sea, provided that packaging is strong and prevent the products from short-circuit. UN number of lithium battery: UN3480 or UN3481;

UN Proper shipping name/Description (technical name): Lithium ion batteries or Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment or Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment;

UN Classification (Transport hazard class): Non dangerous; Marine pollutant (Y/N): Y;

Special Provision: International maritime dangerous goods code (IMDG) 188, 230, 310, 348, 957;

- The US Hazardous Materials Regulation (HMR) pursuant to a final rule issued by RSPA
- The Office of Hazardous Materials Safety within the US Department of Transportations' (DOT) Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA)

Section 15-Regulatory Information
OSHA hazard communication standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
HazardousVNon-hazardous
Section 16-Other Information

Page 11 of 12



The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, concorde makes no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. Although reasonable precautions have been taken in the preparation of the data contained herein, it is offered solely for your information, consideration of investigation. This material safety data sheet provides guidelines for the safe handling and use of this product; it does not and cannot advise on all possible situations, therefore, your specific use of this product should be evaluated to determine if additional precautions are required.

The data/information contained herein has been reviewed and approved for general release on the basis that this document contains no export controlled information.