

## QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

### LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE

Bright indirect light.

### USDA HARDINESS ZONES

Not winter hardy.  
Will thrive as a houseplant in all zones.

### PLANT TYPE

Annual/Tropical.

### CONTAINER SIZE

One plant per 12-inch or larger container.

### MATURE HEIGHT / SPREAD

3 feet tall with a similar spread.

### TIME TO REACH MATURITY

12 months.

### FACTS OF NOTE

Easy to grow.  
Dramatic upright foliage.  
Great for the home or office.



Snake Plant



\*Image on cover is representative of the type of plant(s) in this offer and not necessarily indicative of actual size or color for the included variety.

## OUT OF THE BOX

### SNAKE PLANT

Your plant has been shipped to you in a pot. Please remove the plant from the packaging right away and plant as soon as possible following the planting instructions below. If it is not possible to plant right away, follow these important steps:

1. Roll the plastic down around the plant and place it in a sunny location.
2. Keep the plant well watered.

Note: Some leaves may appear wilted or yellow upon arrival. This is due to the stress of shipping and is nothing to worry about. Water the plant and let it recover in a shady location for a few days, then gently remove any foliage that does not recover to allow for new growth.



SHIPPED IN A 10-INCH POT.  
PLANT SIZE MAY VARY BASED ON GROWING CONDITIONS.

## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

**Why does my plant have brown leaf tips?**

Brown, crispy leaf tips indicate under-watering while brown, soft leaf tips indicate over-watering.

**Where should I place my plant?**

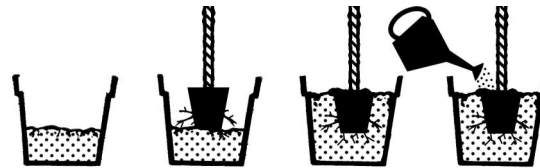
Place your plant in a bright, sunny room away from heat sources, air ducts or drafts. A well-ventilated room with a south-facing window is ideal. Place the plant within three feet of a window if possible, and do not allow its leaves to touch the glass.

## PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS

We recommend planting your snake plant in a container and enjoying it indoors. Use the following instructions as a guide for container planting.

**Important:** Thoroughly hydrate the plant by submersing the root zone in a container of water for 10 minutes while you prepare for planting.

- A** Fill the container with soil to within 4 inches of the top. Remove the pot and prepare the root ball for planting by gently disturbing the surface roots with your fingers, fork or gardening tool and pruning any damaged roots. Dig a hole in the soil to insert the lower part of the root ball.
- B** Once the plant is properly positioned in the pot, begin filling the pot with soil. Work the soil around the root ball with your hands, firming the soil around the plant with your fingers. When the hole is filled, tamp the soil to remove any air pockets.
- C** Water well and, if necessary, adjust the plant so it is upright and add additional soil if needed. Check to be sure the plant is not planted too deeply. If it is, raise the plant carefully and re-firm the soil.



## CONTINUING CARE

- RE-POTTING** Snake plants should be re-potted when the roots become crowded or begin circling the inside of the pot. Re-pot the plant into a slightly larger container and replace its growing medium with fresh potting soil.
- PRUNING** Remove dead, damaged or unsightly growth as needed to maintain an attractive appearance. When pruning your plants, always make a clean cut with sharp scissors or pruning shears to avoid damaging the leaves.

## CONTINUING CARE (Continued)

### WATERING

Snake plants perform best when the top two inches of soil are allowed to dry out between waterings. Water thoroughly with room temperature water until the soil is well-saturated and water drains from the holes at the bottom of the pot. Do not pour water on the leaves. If you choose to keep a saucer beneath the pot, empty excess water from the saucer immediately after watering. In areas with hard tap water or softened water, consider watering with distilled water or collected rainwater to prevent salts from building up in the soil.

### FEEDING

Feed your plant monthly during the growing season with a water-soluble fertilizer such as Cottage Farms' Carefree Bud-N-Flower Booster (SKU #M7582). Discontinue fertilizing by September 1st to allow your plant to prepare for winter. Resume fertilizing when new growth begins in spring.

### GROWING INDOORS

Snake plants make excellent year-round houseplants. Keep your plants in a sunny room with temperatures between 55-85°F. Wipe the leaves with a damp cloth periodically to prevent dust build-up. Give the pot a quarter turn each week to ensure even growth and prevent its leaves from stretching toward a window or light source.

### GROWING OUTDOORS

Though typically grown indoors, snake plants can be enjoyed outdoors during the warm months if desired. Place your plant in a protected area with plenty of sunlight, and move it back indoors before the temperature drops below 50°F.

When you bring your plant indoors for winter, select a room with a sunny window. Water sparingly over winter and remove any dead or unsightly growth as needed. In spring when the threat of frost has passed, ease the plant back into a full watering schedule and move it back outdoors for the summer.