

Ruco Joint Compounds Revision Date: 8/10/2015

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION	
(a) PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:	(b) OTHER MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION:
Ruco All-Purpose Ready Mixed Joint Compound	Product Group: Joint Treatment Product
Ruco Machine Grade Ready Mixed Joint Compound	Chemical Family: A mixture of calcium carbonate,
Ruco Lightweight Ready Mixed Joint Compound	binders, and other minerals
Ruco Lightweight Ready Mixed Joint Compound- Platinum	
Ruco Middleweight Ready Mixed Joint Compound	
Ruco Sure Sand Lightweight Set Type Joint Compound	
Ruco Sure Bond Set Type Joint Compound	

(c) Recommended Use: Joint compound used to finish gypsum board.

**Restrictions On Use**: Not to be used for anything other than recommended use.

## (d) Manufacturer:

Southern Wall Products, Inc. ● 1825 Fellowship Road ● Tucker, Georgia 30084 ● 770-621-3065

(e) EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 1-800-554-9255 ● M-F 6:30am – 4:00pm Eastern

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

The categories of Health Hazards as defined in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard have been evaluated and are listed below. Refer to Sections 3, 8, and 11 for additional information.

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Hazard Classification	(a) Hazard Category	(b) Hazard Symbols	(b) Signal Word	(b) Hazard Statement	(b) Precautionary Statement					
Human Health Hazards										
Acute Toxicity (Oral)	N/D			1	-					
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	N/D			1	1					
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	N/D									
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	2	<b>(!</b> )	Warning	Causes skin irritation	Wear protective gloves P264, P280, P302, P352, P321, P332, P313, P362, P363					
Eye Damage/Irritation	2A		Warning	Causes serious eye irritation	Wear eye protection P264, P280, P305, P351, P338, P337, P313					
Respiratory Sensitization	N/D									
Skin Sensitization	N/D									



**Ruco Joint Compounds** 

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

The categories of Health Hazards as defined in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard have been evaluated and are listed below. Refer to Sections 3, 8, and 11 for additional information.

Hazard Classification	(a) Hazard Category	(b) Hazard Symbols	(b) Signal Word	(b) Hazard Statement	(b) Precautionary Statement					
	Human Health Hazards									
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	N/C	-	-	-	-					
Carcinogenicity	1		Danger	May cause lung cancer if crystalline silica dusts are inhaled	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P201, P202, P280, P308, P313, P405, P501					
Reproductive Toxicity	N/D	-	-	-	-					
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single- Exposure	3	<u>(!)</u>	Warning	May cause respiratory irritation	Avoid breathing dust P261, P271, P304, P340, P312, P403, P233, P405, P501					
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Repeated or Prolonged Exposure	2		Warning	May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell P260, P314, P501					
Aspiration Hazard	N/C	-	-	-	-					

	Health Hazard Precautionary Statement					
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.					
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.					
P233	Keep container tightly closed.					
P260	Do not breathe dust.					
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.					
P264	Wash all body parts in contact with material thoroughly after handling.					
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.					
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.					
P301	If swallowed:					
P302	If on skin:					
P304	If inhaled:					
P305	If in eyes:					
P308	If exposed or concerned:					
P312	Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.					
P313	Get medical advice/attention.					
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.					
P321	Specific treatment					
P332	If skin irritation occurs:					
P337	If eye irritation persists.					
P338	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.					



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	Health Hazard Precautionary Statement						
P340	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.						
P351	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.						
P352	Wash with plenty of water						
P362	Take off contaminated clothing.						
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.						
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.						
P405	Store locked up.						
P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved facility.						

Hazard Classification	Hazard	Hazard	Signal	Hazard	Precautionary Statement					
Tidzara Ciassification	Category	Symbols	Word	Statement	Trecautionary Statement					
	Physical Hazards									
Explosives	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Flammable Gases	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Flammable Aerosols	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Oxidizing Gases	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Gases Under Pressure	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Flammable Liquids	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Flammable Solids	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Self-reactive Substances and Mixtures	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Substances and mixtures which react with water to emit flammable gases	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Oxidizing Liquids	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Oxidizing Solids	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Organic Peroxides	N/A	-	-	-	-					
Corrosive to Metals	N/A	-	-	-	-					

Physical Hazard Precautionary Statement					
Not applicable					

**(c) Hazards not otherwise classified**: Ruco joint compound is a composite mixture of calcium carbonate, binders, and different minerals, as such, comprehensive toxicity data are unavailable – meaning that there is the potential for other physical/health hazards not previously discussed.

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(d) Unknown acute toxicity: None identified.

## Medical conditions which are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure:

Preexisting cardiac and respiratory disease

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS								
(a) Chemical name (b) (Common name and synonyms)	(c) CAS No.	(c) EC No.	(b) % Weight*					
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	215-279-6	10-65%					
Calcium Sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	26499-65-0	NA	0-70%					
Perlite, expanded	93763-70-3	NA	0-10%					
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	Proprietary	Proprietary	0-10%					
Pyrophyllite	12269-78-2	NA	0-10%					
Attapulgite (palygorskite)	12174-11-7	NA	0-10%					
Starch	9005-25-8	232-679-6	0-5%					
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	0-2%					
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Crystalline Silica is a naturally occurring component of some of the minerals above. The weight % of crystalline silica indicated is the total amount of quartz, not the respirable amount.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## (a) Description of necessary measures:

INHALATION:	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If coughing or breathing difficulty occurs, remove to fresh air immediately. If persistent irritation, severe coughing or other
	breathing difficulty continues, consult a physician.
INGESTION:	Do not ingest. No known adverse effect. If irritation occurs consult physician. Do not induce vomiting.
SKIN CONTACT:	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin or
	eye irritation occurs or if exposed or concerned: Get medical advice attention. Call a doctor if you feel unwell. If skin rash occurs, discontinue use and consult a physician.
EYE CONTACT:	In case of contact, do not rub or scratch your eyes. If in the eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for
	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation
	persists: Get medical advice/attention.

## (b) Most important symptoms/effects:

- Acute: Skin, eye, and mucous membrane irritation
- **Delayed:** Shortness of breath; possible fever. Fatigue; loss of appetite. Chest pain; dry, nonproductive cough.

### (c) Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment: Significant over-exposure

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

<sup>\*</sup>The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. No additional impurities or stabilizing additives which are themselves classified and which contribute to the classification of the mixture are known to be included in this mixture.



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**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- (a) Suitable extinguishing media: Use water or other fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

  Unsuitable extinguishing media: N/A
- (b) Specific hazards arising from the chemical: None identified
- (c) Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters: None
- (d) Flammability/Explosivity: Non flammable
- **(e) Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Above 800°C, calcium carbonate (limestone) may decompose to calcium oxide (CaO). When heated to decomposition, toxic fumes including carbon monoxide may be generated.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

- (a) Personal precautions, Protective equipment, and Emergency procedures: Wear proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Dusts should be removed using an appropriately equipped vacuum.
- **(b)** Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: DO NOT USE DRY SWEEPING OR COMPRESSED AIR TO CLEAN SPILLS. Use normal clean up procedures. Floor may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Scoop or shovel spilled material into an appropriate waste container for disposal. Dispose of materials in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. Never discharge large releases directly into sewers or surface waters.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- (a) Precautions for safe handling: Do not breathe dust. Wear Respiratory protection when airborne dusts are generated. Use only in a well-ventilated area or outdoors. Wear eye protection and protective gloves. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash any contacted body parts thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear appropriate eye and skin protection (See Section 8). During sanding operations, avoid breathing the dust; minimize dust generation and accumulation. Wear the appropriate respiratory protection in poorly ventilated areas and whenever a TLV or PEL is exceeded (See Sections 2 & 8). If dry-sanding or otherwise working in a dusty environment containing this material, ventilate or use a dust collector. It is also recommended that eye protection and a respirator, which is NIOSH approved, be worn. Wet sanding or sponging finished joints is recommended to avoid creating dust. Do not ingest. DO NOT use compressed air or dry sweeping to remove dust from work area. Dusts should be removed using an appropriately equipped vacuum.
- (b) Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store locked up. Store product in its original container at room temperature in a dry, well –ventilated location. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from freezing, extreme heat and direct sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use. Good storage conditions will allow up to 12-month shelf life. For best product life: avoid excessive heat, direct sunlight or freezing conditions, which can cause thinning and/or premature aging of product



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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:										
Components	(a) OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	(a) ACGIH TLV <sup>2</sup>	(a) Manufacturer REL <sup>3</sup>	(a) IDLH⁴						
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T) TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (R)	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NA	N/D						
Calcium Sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	NE	NE	NE	NE						
Perlite, expanded	NE	NE	NE	NE						
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	NE	NE	NA	N/D						
Pyrophyllite	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T) TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (R)	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NA	N/D						
Attapulgite (palygorskite)	NE	NE	NA	N/D						
Starch	NE	NE	NE	NE						
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (R)	TWA: .05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (R)	NA	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>						

#### **Notes:**

- 1. OSHA PEL are 8-hour TWA (Time-weighted average) concentrations unless otherwise noted. A ("C") designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure unless otherwise noted. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as a 15-minute exposure, which should not be exceeded at any time during a workday.
- 2. Threshold Limit Values TWA established by the ACGIH represents the TWA concentration for a conventional 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek, to which it is believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day, for a working lifetime without adverse effect; Short-Term Exposure Limit (TLV-STEL) represents a 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a work day. ACGIH TLV's are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
- 3. The exposure limits developed by the manufacturer are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
- 4. The "immediately dangerous to life or health air concentration values (IDLHs)" are used by NIOSH as part of a respiratory selection criteria.

**(b) Appropriate engineering controls**: General ventilation is adequate for normal application of this product. If user operations include sanding or otherwise generate increased levels of airborne dust, local exhaust ventilation may be necessary. When ventilation is inadequate, other engineering controls must be implemented to control dust levels below permissible exposure levels (See Section 2). When engineering controls are not feasible, wear appropriate respiratory protection.

S											
 N	C	0	R	P	0	R	A	T	E	D	

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(c) Individual protection measures:



- Wear a properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory device with particulate cartridges whenever the TLV or PEL is exceeded.
- Respirators should be selected and used in accordance with the OSHA respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134). Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory device when spraying or dry sanding.



- Wear safety glasses or goggles during sanding operations.
- Eye protection should be selected and used in accordance with the OSHA eye and face protection standard (29 CFR 1910.133).
- Wear protective gloves when necessary to prevent irritation to the skin.
- Hand protection should be selected and used in accordance with the OSHA hand protection standard (29 CFR 1910.138).

**General hygiene considerations:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material, and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physcial and Chemical Properties					
(a) Appearance:	Off White Paste or Powder				
(b) Odor:	Low odor				
(c) Odor Threshold:	N/A				
(d) pH:	7 – 8.5				
(e) Melting point/Freezing point:	N/A				
(f) Boiling point/range:	N/A				
(g) Flash Point:	N/A				
(h) Evaporation rate:	N/A				
(i) Flammability:	N/A				
(j) UFL/LFL or UEL/LEL:	N/A				
(k) Vapor pressure:	N/A				
(I) Vapor density:	N/A				
(m) Relative density:	N/A				
(n) Solubility:	Slightly soluble in water				
(o) Partition coefficient:	N/A				
(p) Auto-ignition temperature:	N/A				
(q) Decomposition temperature:	N/A				
(r) Viscosity:	N/A				



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### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- (a) Reactivity: No data.
- **(b) Chemical stability:** Material is stable under normal conditions.
- (c) Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known.
- (d) Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration): None identified.
- (e) Incompatible materials: None identified.
- **(f) Hazardous decomposition products:** Above 800°C, calcium carbonate (limestone) may decompose to calcium oxide (CaO).
- (g) Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- (a) Information on likely routes of exposure:
  - **Inhalation**: Inhalation of high concentrations of dust during sanding can irritate the nose, throat, and the upper respiratory tract.
  - Accidental Ingestion: Do not ingest. No known adverse effect.
  - Skin contact: Direct, prolonged or repeated contact with the skin can cause irritation.
  - **Eye contact:** Direct contact with the eye can cause temporary irritation.
- (b) Symptoms related to physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: irritation.
- (c) Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure:

Prolonged or repeated exposure to airborne dust containing crystalline silica can cause severe scarring of the lungs, a disease called silicosis. The risk of developing silicosis is dependent on the airborne concentration of respirable-size silica to which an employee is exposed and the duration of the exposure.

(d) Numerical measures of toxicity: No toxicity data is available for the Ruco Joint Compound mixture as a whole.

	Acute Toxicity (Oral)						
Chemical	% Weight	Model	LD <sub>50</sub> Range (mg/kg bw)	Reference			
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	Rodent	6,450 - 12,960 mg/kg	Supplier MSDS; RTECS, 2013			
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	Rodent	>2,000 mg/kg	Supplier MSDS			
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	N/A	Supplier MSDS			
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	N/A	HSDB, 2013			
Starch	0-5%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013; HSDB, 2013			



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Acute Toxicity (Dermal)						
Chemical	% Weight	Model	LD <sub>50</sub> Range (mg/kg bw)	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	N/A	HSDB, 2013		
Starch	0-5%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)						
Chemical	% Weight	Model	LD <sub>50</sub> Range (mg/kg bw)	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	N/A	HSDB, 2013		
Starch	0-5%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	N/A	RTECS, 2013		

Skin Corrosion/Irritation					
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS or HSDB; Supplier MSDS states clinically relevant skin irritation hazard is not expected. "Conclusion by analogy OECD 404"		
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS or HSDB; Supplier MSDS notes possible mechanical skin irritation		
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013		
Starch	0-5%	Mild (0.3 mg/3 day inter.)	RTECS, 2013		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		

Direct, prolonged or repeated contact with the skin can cause irritation.



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Eye Damage/Irritation					
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013; Supplier MSDS notes slightly irritating		
Calciani Carbonate	10 40/0		to the eyes		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013; Supplier MSDS notes: "Direct contact		
Calciant Sanate	0 7070		can cause mechanical irritation of eyes"		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013; Supplier MSDS notes eye irritation as a		
Territe, expanded	0-1076		sign of exposure		
Ethylene Vinyl		N/A	No listing in RTECS or HSDB; Supplier MSDS states		
Acetate Polymer	0-10%		clinically relevant eye irritation hazard is not		
Acetate Polymer			expected. "Conclusion by analogy OECD 405"		
		N/A	No listing in RTECS or HSDB; Supplier MSDS notes		
Pyrophyllite	0-10%		with regards to the eyes:		
			"May cause mechanical irritation"		
Attapulgite 0-10%		N/A	HSDB, 2013; Supplier MSDS notes mild mechanical		
Attapuigite	0-10%		irritation to the eyes		
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013; Supplier MSDS notes eye irritation is		
Startin	0-376		possible if heavy concentrations are encountered.		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	RTECS, 2013;		

Respiratory Sensitization						
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference			
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB			
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB			
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013			
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			

Skin Sensitization							
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference				
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013				
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013				
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013				
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB				
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB				
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013				
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013				
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	RTECS, 2013				

Germ Cell Mutagenicity					
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference		



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Germ Cell Mutagenicity					
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS or HSDB; Supplier MSDS notes: "Based on known data a significant mutagenic potential may be excluded Conclusion by analogy OECD 471."		
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS or HSDB; Supplier MSDS indicates there are no known mutagenic effects		
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013 indicates no genetic studies found		
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		

Reproductive Toxicity						
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference			
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB			
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB			
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013			
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) (Single Exposure)					
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013		
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	N/A*	RTECS, 2013		

<sup>\*</sup>Inhalation of high concentrations of dust during sanding can irritate the nose, throat, and the upper respiratory tract.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) (Repeated Exposure)					
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference		
Calcium Carbonate	10-40%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Calcium Sulfate	0-70%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Perlite, expanded	0-10%	N/A	RTECS, 2013		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB		



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Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) (Repeated Exposure)						
Chemical	% Weight	Symptom	Reference			
Pyrophyllite	0-10%	N/A	No listing in RTECS, or HSDB			
Attapulgite	0-10%	N/A	HSDB, 2013			
Starch	0-5%	N/A	RTECS, 2013			
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	0-2%	Prolonged or repeated exposure to airborne dust containing crystalline silica can cause severe scarring of the lungs, a disease called silicosis. The risk of developing silicosis is dependent on the airborne concentration of respirable-size silica to which an employee is exposed and the duration of the exposure.	HSDB, 2013			

## (e) Carcinogenicity:

Ruco Joint compound is not listed by the IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH as a carcinogen. Ruco Joint compound may contain crystalline silica, which can cause a disease called silicosis. Crystalline silica is classified by IARC as carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has characterized respirable silica as "known to be a human carcinogen." The ACGIH lists silica as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2)

Carcinogenicity						
Compound	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	Cal 65		
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Calcium Sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Perlite, expanded	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Ethylene Vinyl Acetate Polymer	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Pyrophyllite	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Attapulgite (palygorskite)	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Listed		
Starch	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed		
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	A2- Suspected Human Carcinogen	Group 1 – Known Human Carcinogen	Known Human Carcinogen	Listed		

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

This product has no known adverse ecological effects.

(a) Ecotoxicity: No Data

(b) Persistence and degradability: No Data(c) Bioaccumulative potential: No Data

(d) Mobility in soil: No Data

(e) Other adverse effects: Not know to be hazardous to the ozone layer: No Data

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Description of waste residues and safe handling**: Use normal clean up procedures. Floor may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Scoop or shovel spilled material into an appropriate waste container for disposal. Never discharge large



### **Ruco Joint Compounds**

releases directly into sewers or surface waters.

**Methods of disposal:** Waste must be disposed in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

This product is not a hazardous material per DOT shipping regulations.

- (a) UN number: No applicable information
- (b) UN proper shipping name: No applicable information
- (c) Transport Hazard classes: No applicable information
- (d) Packing group: No applicable information
- (e) Environmental hazards
  - i. Marine pollutant: No
- (f) Transport in bulk
  - i. IBC Code No applicable information
  - ii. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 No applicable information
- (g) Special precautions: No applicable information

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**OSHA/MSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION**: This product is considered hazardous and should be a part of the employer's hazard's communication program.

**CERCLA-** Not considered hazardous

EPCRA 302- Not considered hazardous

**EPCRA 304-** Not considered hazardous

SARA 313- Not considered hazardous

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Date of Preparation or Last Change: 8/10/2015

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

N/C - Not Classified - No concern based on consideration of the sum of available data.

N/D - Not Determined

N/A - Not Applicable or Not Available

N/R - Not Regulated

**CAS** – Chemical Abstract Service

**EC** – European Community

**STOT** – Specific Target Organ Toxicity

**OSHA** – US Occupational Safety and Health Organization

**PEL** – OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits

**ACGIH** – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

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## SOUTHERN WALL PRODUCTS INCORPORATED

**Revision Date: 8/10/2015** 

## **Ruco Joint Compounds**

TLV - ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

**REL** – Recommended Exposure Limits

**IDLH** – Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

TWA – Time Weighted Average – Average exposure over a specified period of time (i.e., 8 hours)

STEL - a 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a work day.

**Ceiling** – Exposure limit which shall at no time be exceeded during the work day.

NE - None Established

**APF** – Assigned Protection Factor – the level of respiratory protection that a respirator is expected to provide.

**UEL** – Upper Explosive Limit – Highest concentration (percentage) of a gas or vapor in air capable of producing a flash fire in the presence of an ignition source

**LEL** – Lower Explosive Limit – Lowest concentration (percentage) of a gas or vapor in air capable of producing a flash fire in the presence of an ignition source.

**UFL** – Upper Flammability Limit - Maximum concentration of vapor in air above which propagation of a flame will not occur in the presence of an ignition source.

**LFL** – Lowest concentration at which a flammable mixture of gas or vapor in air can ignite at a given temperature and pressure.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP - National Toxicology Program

NIOSH- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAA – National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

**GHS** - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

**HSDB** – Hazardous Substances Data Bank

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions