# Safety Data Sheet

**RUST-OLEUM** CORPORATION \* Trusted Quality Since 1921 \* www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification			
Product Name:	Painters Touch 2X Satin Aerosols	Revision Date:	9/23/2021
Product Identifier:	WPS1660350	Supercedes Date:	9/16/2021
Recommended Use:	Topcoat / Aerosols		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		
Emergency Telephone:	24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700		

# 2. Hazards Identification

# Classification

## Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

## **Possible Hazards**

33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

## **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Skin Sensitizer, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye Irritation, category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.
STOT, Repeated Exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Gases under Pressure; Compressed Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

# GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO SMOKING.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Painters Touch 2X Satin Sprays 12 Oz.

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Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
For specific treatment see label.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

# GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS P363 Wash

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

## HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.%</u> Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-332-336
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	GHS04	H280
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10-25	GHS08	H351
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	10-25	GHS08	H304
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	2.5-10	GHS08	H304-340-350
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	2.5-10	GHS08	H304
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	GHS04	H280
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-336
Titanium Dioxide	1317-80-2	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS06	H225-331
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332
1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate	108-65-6	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-332
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	2.5-10	GHS07	H332
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	2.5-10	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	1.0-2.5	GHS07	H302-315-319
Pigment Yellow 83	5567-15-7	1.0-2.5	GHS07	H302
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H226-304-315-319-332-335
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-332-373

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Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	1.0-2.5	GHS06	H331
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Octane	111-65-9	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-315-336
n-Heptane	142-82-5	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-304-315-336
bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-Piperidinyl) Sebacate	41556-26-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07	H317
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	0.1-1.0	GHS06-GHS08	H304-331-372
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H304-340-350
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1-1.0	GHS05-GHS06- GHS07-GHS08	H302-312-315-317-318-331-336 -350-370-373
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332-340-350

# 4. First-Aid Measures

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

## 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): No Information

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

# 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**STORAGE:** Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Acetone	67-64-1	40.0	250 ppm	500 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	20.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10.0	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	1317-80-2	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate	108-65-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Pigment Yellow 83	5567-15-7	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	5.0	N.É.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	5.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Octane	111-65-9	1.0	300 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
n-Heptane	142-82-5	1.0	400 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm	N.E.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4- Piperidinyl) Sebacate	41556-26-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	1.0	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	64742-49-0	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	1.0	10 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0	N.É.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Aerosolized Mist	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	0.778	pH:	N.A.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	33.9 - 5,432	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.6 - 37.0
Flammability:	Supports Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	-96
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

# 11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which can cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline Silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain prismatic tremolite as an impurity, and sufficient exposure to respirable prismatic tremolite dust may cause serious lung problems.

## EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)May cause genetic defects.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

Chemical Name	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	Vapor LC50
Acetone	5800 mg/kg Rat	>15700 mg/kg Rabbit	50.1 mg/L Rat
Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	2500 mg/kg	N.E.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	>4951 mg/L Rat
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	N.É.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5000 mg/L Rat
n-Butane	N.É.	N.E.	658 mg/L Rat
n-Butyl Acetate	10768 mg/kg Rat	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	> 21 mg/L Rat
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	N.E.	30
Dimethyl Carbonate	13000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.36 mg/L Rat
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate	8532 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	16 mg/L Rat
Barium Sulfate	307000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat		N.E.
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	1900 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
Pigment Yellow 83	>1750 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3280 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	18 mg/L Rat
Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15400 mg/kg Rabbit	17.4 mg/L Rat
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	5000 mg/kg Rat	>9500 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.96 mg/L Rat
Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
Octane	N.E.	N.E.	>24.88 mg/L Rat
n-Heptane	N.E.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	>73.5 mg/L Rat
bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-Piperidinyl) Sebacate	2615 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
Stoddard Solvent	N.E.	>3000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.5 mg/L Rat
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light	>5000 mg/kg Rat		>4951 mg/L Rat
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	930 mg/kg Rat	1100 mg/kg Rabbit	>4.83 mg/L Rat
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	8400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.Ĕ.
	Titanium Dioxide Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Hydrotreated Light Distillate n-Butane n-Butyl Acetate Hydrous Magnesium Silicate Dimethyl Carbonate Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) 1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate Barium Sulfate Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Pigment Yellow 83 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Ethylbenzene Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate Carbon Black Octane n-Heptane bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-Piperidinyl) Sebacate Stoddard Solvent Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acetone5800 mg/kg RatTitanium Dioxide>10000 mg/kg RatNaphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light>5000 mg/kg RatAliphatic HydrocarbonN.E.Hydrotreated Light Distillate>5000 mg/kg Ratn-ButaneN.E.n-Butyl Acetate10768 mg/kg RatHydrous Magnesium Silicate6000Dimethyl Carbonate13000 mg/kg RatXylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)3500 mg/kg Rat1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate8532 mg/kg RatBarium Sulfate307000 mg/kg RatSolvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic8400 mg/kg RatPropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether1900 mg/kg RatPigment Yellow 83>1750 mg/kg Rat1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene3280 mg/kg RatEthyl 3-Ethoxypropionate5000 mg/kg RatCarbon Black>15400 mg/kg RatOctaneN.E.bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-Piperidinyl)2615 mg/kg RatSebacateN.E.Stoddard SolventN.E.Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light>5000 mg/kg RatMethyl Ethyl Ketoxime930 mg/kg Rat	Acetone5800 mg/kg Rat >10000 mg/kg Rat >10000 mg/kg Rat S000 mg/kg Rat NE.>15700 mg/kg Rabbit 25000 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rabbit 25000 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg Rabbit 3000 mg/kg Rabbit 3000 mg/kg Rabbit 2000 mg/kg Rabbit 3000 mg/kg Rabbit 3000 mg/kg Rabbit N.E.Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light Hydrotreated Light Distillate n-Butane n-Butyl Acetate>5000 mg/kg Rat N.E.>3160 mg/kg Rabbit 25000 mg/kg Rabbit N.E.n-Butyl Acetate Hydrous Magnesium Silicate Dimethyl Carbonate10768 mg/kg Rat 6000>17600 mg/kg Rabbit N.E.Nylenes (or, m-, p- Isomers) Barium Sulfate3500 mg/kg Rat 3500 mg/kg Rat>5000 mg/kg Rabbit A4350 mg/kg Rat N.E.Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Hydnozene8400 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rabbit 3160 mg/kg Rabbit 3000 mg/kg Rat1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate Carbon Black>15400 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg RatN.E. N-Heptane bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-Piperidinyl) SebacateN.E. S000 mg/kg Rat 3000 mg/kg RatStoddard Solvent Maptha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light Methyl Ethyl KetoximeN.E. S000 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rat 3160 mg/kg Rabbit 3160 mg/kg Rabbit

N.E. - Not Established

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

# 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Do not incinerate closed containers. This product as supplied is a USEPA defined ignitable hazardous waste. Dispose of unusable product as a hazardous waste (D001) in accordance with local, state, and federal regulation. EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D005 (Barium). Dispose of in accordance with U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262 for concentrations at or above the Regulatory level. Regulatory level- 100.0 mg/L.

# 14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty	Aerosols	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

# 15. Regulatory Information

## **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Gas under pressure, Carcinogenicity, Respiratory or Skin Sensitization, Serious eye damage or eye irritation, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure), Germ cell mutagenicity

#### SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7
Pigment Blue 15	147-14-8
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1
Pigment Green 7	1328-53-6
Barite (Ba(SO4))	13462-86-7

### **Toxic Substances Control Act**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

Chemical Name	
Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt	

## U.S. State Regulations:

#### California Proposition 65

WARNING:

Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

CAS-No. 68187-76-8

16. Other Information							
HMIS RAT Health:	<b>FINGS</b> 2*	Flammability:	4	Physical Hazard:	0	Personal Protection:	х
NFPA RA <sup>:</sup> Health:	TINGS 2	Flammability:	4	Instability:	0		
Maximum Incremental Reactivity:				0.94			
SDS REVISION DATE:				9/23/2021			
REASON FOR REVISION:			Product Composition Changed Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s): 02 - Hazard Identification Revision Statement(s) Changed				

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

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