

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier KILZ® Restoration Interior Primer

Other means of identification

Product code L2002

Recommended use Architectural Coating

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Supplier Masterchem Industries LLC

3135 Old Highway M

Imperial, MO 63052-2834

Telephone 636-942-2510

Emergency telephone +1 760 476 3962

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Access code 335213

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.

Signal word None.

Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response Wash hands after handling.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|------------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | 10 - 30 |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 10 - 30 |
| Barium sulfate | 7727-43-7 | 3 - 7 |
| Cristobalite | 14464-46-1 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) | 68855-54-9 | 0.1 - 1 |

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|---|--|
| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. |
| Skin contact | Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Treat symptomatically. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. |

6. Accidental release measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | <p>This product is miscible in water.</p> <p>Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</p> <p>Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.</p> <p>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.</p> |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. |

7. Handling and storage

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| Precautions for safe handling | Avoid prolonged exposure. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

| Components | Type | Value |
|---|------|------------------------|
| Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m ³ |

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------|------------------|
| | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------|----------------------|
| Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| | | 50 mppcf | Total dust. |
| | | 15 mppcf | Respirable fraction. |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 1.2 mppcf | Respirable. |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| | | 50 mppcf | Total dust. |
| | | 15 mppcf | Respirable fraction. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------------|----------------------|
| Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------|------|------------|------------------|
| Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Liquid. |
| Color | White. |
| Odor | Slight. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | 7 - 10 |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | > 99 °F (> 37.2 °C) |
| Flash point | Not Applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not Applicable. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not Applicable. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | 1.37 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Soluble. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | 50 - 140 KU at 25°C |
| Other information | |
| Density | 11.45 lbs/gal |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| VOC | 32 g/l (including water)(Material) 76 g/l (excluding water)(Coating) |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Inhalation | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|

Skin contact Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Due to the form of the product, exposure to the potentially carcinogenic components is not expected.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) Cancer
Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9) Cancer

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator.

| | |
|--|--|
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. |

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are listed on or exempt from the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | Cancer |
| Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9) | Cancer |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | lung effects |
| Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9) | lung effects |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | immune system effects |
| Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9) | immune system effects |
| Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1) | kidney effects |
| Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9) | kidney effects |

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Diatomaceous Earth (Flux calcined) (CAS 68855-54-9)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 17-September-2020

Revision date -

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 0
Flammability: 0
Physical hazard: 0

List of abbreviations DOT: Department of Transportation (49 CFR 172.101).
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit.
TWA: Time Weighted Average Value.

References HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

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